

高二英语试卷

考试时间：120 分钟

试题满分：150 分

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每一小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What do you think the woman's job is
A. A teacher. B. A salesgirl. C. A waitress.
2. What do we know about Jennie?
A. She's not going to work tomorrow.
B. She has just come back from a holiday.
C. She was just out of work.
3. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At a travel agency. B. In a hotel. C. At an airport.
4. What does the man mean?
A. He was too busy to watch the TV play.
B. He didn't like watching the TV play.
C. He didn't think the TV play was worth watching.
5. What do we know from what the boy said?
A. He was late. B. He was early. C. He was just on time.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分。满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答 6—8 题。

6. Why cannot the woman rent a bigger house right now?
A. She hasn't enough money at hand.
B. She already spent all her money on her vacation.
C. She will save some money to buy a new house.
7. How can she solve the problem at present?
A. By borrowing some money from his friend.
B. By living with her friend.
C. By sharing a big house with her friend's mother.
8. How much did she pay when she first rented a house?
A. Less than \$600 a month. B. More than \$1,200 a month. C. \$ 400 a month.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 9—11 题。

9. Where does the dialogue most probably take place?
A. In the manager's office. B. On the phone. C. At a hotel.
10. What is the woman complaining about?
A. A delay of a phone call. B. Something wrong with her business.
C. An overcharge on her phone call.
11. What is the man going to do after the dialogue?
A. He will call to Beijing himself instead of the woman.
B. He will return the charge to the woman.
C. He will check what the problem is.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 12—14 题。

12. What is the most probable relationship between the man and the woman?
A. Husband and wife. B. Employer and employee. C. Father and daughter.
13. Why did the man buy a second-hand car for the woman?
A. Because he decided to buy a new one for her in three years.
B. Because he hadn't got enough money at that moment.
C. Because he wanted to save money for his business.
14. What did they do with the old car in the end?
A. They wanted to sell the car.
B. They decided to make it better.
C. They intended to give it to his friend and buy a new one.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 15—17 题。

15. Why does Jack Kordell call to Mrs. Elaine Strong?
A. To get information about after-sales service of the computer.
B. To make an appointment with her.
C. To get his fax machine repaired.
16. What time should the woman send the material?
A. At 2:30 P.M. B. At 3:30 P.M. C. At 5:00 P.M.
17. What is the woman going to do in the afternoon?
A. Prepare some material.
B. Send the man some material through telephone.
C. Repair the fax.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18—20 题。

18. Where do most students learn law in the United States?
A. At some top law schools.
B. At less well-known universities.
C. At very famous universities such as Harvard and Yale
19. How long do law students generally have lectures?
A. For 9 months. B. For about 4 years. C. For about 27 months.

20. What's the greatest change in law schools recently according to the text?

A. Many students attend law schools in their 30s or 40s.

B. The number of women students has gone up to 40%.

C. Some students enter law schools later in life.

第二部分：英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节：单项填空（共 15 小题；每题 1 分，满分 15 分）

21. Leehom Wang's environmentally-friendly behavior makes him stand out, believing that everyone can make _____ world _____ better place on a daily basis.

A. /; a

B. the; /

C. the ; a

D. the; the

22. --- You are always full of _____. Can you tell me the secret?

--- Taking plenty of exercise every day.

A. power

B. strength

C. force

D. energy

23. Last May, Sichuan was struck by an earthquake, from _____ effects the people there have suffered a lot.

A. which

B. whose

C. its

D. what

24. _____ map dates back to about 3,000 BC.

A. Known to be the oldest

B. It was the oldest known

C. Known as the oldest

D. The oldest known

25. He taught her how to rely on her other _____, specifically her hearing, to determine where she was and how to adapt herself to a new environment.

A. feelings

B. sights

C. senses

D. abilities

26. "China is Inspired", a yearly television event, records those who have deeply _____ the country over the past year.

A. infected

B. shocked

C. touched

D. spread

27. There is a real possibility that these animals could be frightened, _____ a sudden loud noise.

A. being there

B. should there be

C. there was

D. there having be

28. Obviously, there are a number of factors to be considered, one of which is how _____ you intend to be in your investment.

A. involved

B. to involve

C. involving

D. involve

29. The British government often says that providing children with _____ to the information super highway is of importance.

A. prevention

B. protection

C. allowance

D. access

30. --- How shall we have the scientific research?

--- _____, we'll have to gather concerned information as much as possible.

A. It isn't my cup of tea

B. You rascal

C. To begin with

D. To be frank

31. Not until 1959 _____ the forty-ninth state in the United States.

A. was Alaska made

B. Alaska was made

C. when Alaska made it

D. that Alaska was made

32. _____ that the first cheese was probably made more than 4,000 years ago by nomadic tribes in Asia.

- A. The belief B. Although they believe C. It is believed D. Believing
33. "For those immigrants who have _____ roots -- they have come here illegally -- I think they need to pay a penalty for having broken the law. They need to come out of the shadows." Obama said.
- A. put down B. cut down C. tracked down D. brought down
34. They are waiting outside, sir. _____ they come in at once ?
- A. Will B. Ought C. Shall D. Need
35. As far as we know, it was _____ that resulted in the horrifying accident.
- A. because of Jack's carelessness B. Jack's being careless
C. because Jack was careless D. Jack was so careless

第二节： 完型填空 （ 共 20 小题； 每小题 1.5 分， 满分 30 分 ）

阅读下面短文， 从短文后各题所给的四个选项中， 选出最佳答案。

A friend of mine met with an accident driving in darkness. His legs were so hurt that he couldn't move. What was the 36 was that he found himself unable to ask for help --- his mobile phone went out of 37 as a result of exhausted battery. Nothing could be done but 38 in cold wilderness. It was 8 hours later that day broke, and then the 39 of rescue.

It is almost 40 that he could stand the horror in the darkness for so long. Even more surprising was his 41, "First of all I checked up my 42 conditions and found myself not in fatal danger. As there was no 43 to call for help, I leaned back in my seat trying my best to keep the wound from 44. In this way I dozed off."

His story put an end to my regret for the 45 of an exploration adventure that happened last year. A group of young men 46 to explore a mountain cave and got lost. 47 to find a way out in the dark cave they were frightened and ran anxiously without a sense of 48. Finally they fell dead in fear and exhaustion. According to the 49 people that found them, the place where they got lost was only about 10 meters away from the 50 of the cave. If they stayed on the spot when they lost their way and tried to 51 themselves, they would probably sense a faint light glimmering not faraway.

Don't you think that you can compare it with 52 itself ? When you meet with obstacles in life and work, you are lost in darkness. 53 you it's unclear yet and you needn't put up struggle 54. It seems to be a negative attitude, 55 a person who can afford to do so must have foresight as well as great courage in the first place.

36. A. hopeless B. worst C. more D. best
37. A. service B. way C. order D. work
38. A. cry B. lie C. wait D. sleep
39. A. delay B. success C. team D. arrival
40. A. untrue B. unimaginable C. true D. useless
41. A. plan B. decision C. explanation D. excuse
42. A. physical B. mental C. working D. medical
43. A. method B. way C. alternative D. strength

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 44. A. rotting | B. spreading | C. hurting | D. bleeding |
| 45. A. loss | B. failure | C. disappointment | D. sadness |
| 46. A. had | B. managed | C. tried | D. planned |
| 47. A. Willing | B. Unable | C. Determined | D. Deciding |
| 48. A. hearing | B. sight | C. feeling | D. direction |
| 49. A. rescue | B. village | C. local | D. brave |
| 50. A. end | B. top | C. opening | D. side |
| 51. A. save | B. help | C. stop | D. calm |
| 52. A. adventure | B. work | C. life | D. mankind |
| 53. A. Mind | B. Watch | C. Imagine | D. Warn |
| 54. A. really | B. immediately | C. carefully | D. hopefully |
| 55. A. and | B. so | C. but | D. while |

第三部分 阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项中, 选出最佳答案。

A

I have recently been diagnosed with an addiction to coffee. And I am not alone. This is a problem among Americans of all ages. The coffee shop has become a social feature in our culture. Its appealing smell, cozy and inviting atmosphere are difficult to resist, especially if you struggle with an addiction like alcohol.

But, when you look past the leather couches and coffees named after European cities, all you'll find is coffee, milk, and a little sugar. Anyone can buy a Coffeemaker and a container of Coffee Mate and try to create the same drink as a coffee shop does. The only difference between your homemade coffee and coffee shops is that they put it in a cute cup and throw on some whipped (泡沫状的) cream to convince us that we are treating ourselves to a worthy relief from the fast pace of everyday life. And we believe them, silly for the idea that drinking their coffee improves our quality of life.

So, next time this “white chocolate” begins echoing in your mind, you'll have to make a decision: Will you continue to be one of the millions of brainwashed Americans who live for their next trip to a coffee shop, or will you just walk away and ignore it? My advice is -- dare to resist and just say no.

56. The major features of a coffee shop are the following EXCEPT its _____.
 A. attractive smell
 B. comfortable surrounding
 C. pleasant atmosphere
 D. alcohol-like addiction
57. The coffee from coffee shops differs from homemade coffee mainly because it _____.
 A. is mixed with whipped cream
 B. is usually served in a cute cup
 C. offers a feeling of precious relief
 D. can improve the quality of life
58. “White chocolate” in the last paragraph probably means _____.
 A. coffee with cream
 B. chocolate with coffee
 C. brainwashed Americans
 D. addiction to shop coffee

59. The author's attitude towards "white chocolate" is _____.

- A. positive B. uncaring C. negative D. optimistic

B

One hot night last June, when our new baby wouldn't or couldn't sleep, I tried everything I could think of: a warm bottle, songs and gentle rocking. Nothing would settle him. Guessing that I had a long night ahead of me, I brought a portable TV into his room, figuring that watching the late movie was as good a way as any to kill off the hours till dawn. To my surprise, as soon as the TV lit up, the baby quieted right down, his little eyes focused brightly on the tube. Not to waste an opportunity to sleep, I then walked softly out of the room, leaving him to watch the actors celebrate John Bellushi's forty-fifth birthday.

My wife and I heard no more of the baby that night, and the next morning when I went into his room, I found him still watching TV himself.

I found in my baby's behavior a symbol of the new generation. My wife and I had given him some books to examine, but he merely spit upon them. When we read to him, he did not feel comfortable. And so it is in the schools. We find that our students don't read, and that they look down upon reading and scold those of us who teach it. All they want to do is to watch TV. After this experience I have reached a conclusion: Let them watch it! If television is that much more attractive to children than books, why should we fight about it? Let them watch it as they want.

60. Why did the author bring a TV into his son's room?

- A. To make his son keep quiet.
B. To spend the night watching TV programme.
C. In order not to let his son feel lonely.
D. To make his son go to sleep as soon as possible.

61. The baby's reaction to the TV programme is _____.

- A. unexpected B. encouraging C. exciting D. calm

62. According to the passage, which is true of the school children?

- A. They prefer reading to watching TV.
B. They like watching TV after school.
C. They would rather watch TV than read books.
D. They like their teachers who teach them reading.

63. What does the underlined phrase fight about mean according to the passage?

- A. Talk about B. Think about C. Quarrel about D. Care about

C

Last year, on report card day, my son and a bunch of his 13-year-old friends piled into the back seat of my car, ready for the last-day-of-school party at McDonald's. "Jack got a laptop for getting straight A's and Laurie got a cellphone," one boy said. "Oh, yeah, and Sarah got an iPod Nano, and she's only in third grade," said another. "And how about Brian? He got \$10 for each A."

I suddenly became concerned. These payoffs might get parents through grammar school, but what about high school and beyond? What would be left after the electric guitar, the cellphone, and the portable DVD player?

I saw the road ahead: As the homework load increased, my income would decrease. I saw my comfortable lifestyle vanish before my eyes—no more of those \$ 5 bags of already-peeled organic carrots. No more organic anything!

I started to feel surprised and nervous. Would every goal attained by my two children fetch a reward? A high grade point average? A good class ranking? Would sports achievements be included in this reward system: soccer goals, touchdowns, runs-balled-in? What about orchestra? Would first chair pay more than second? I'd be penniless by eighth-grade graduation?

“We never paid anything for good grades,” said my neighbor across the street, whose son was recently accepted at MIT. “He just did it on his own. Maybe once in a while we went out for pizza, but that’s about it.”

Don’t you just hate that? We are all running around looking for the MP3 player with the most updates, and she’s spending a few dollars on pizza. She gets motivation; we get negotiation.

64. The sentence “As the homework load increased, my income would increase.” In the third paragraph probably means _____.

- A. taking care of the children would influence my work
- B. I would spend more money on my children’s homework
- C. reducing children’s homework load would cost me a lot
- D. more rewards would be needed as the children grew up

65. We can tell from the passage that the author’s son was in _____.

- A. primary school
- B. junior middle school
- C. high school
- D. university

66. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.

- A. if you pay the children for good grades, they would take it for granted
- B. if you buy children pizza for good grades, they would work harder
- C. children would not ask for rewards when they enter high school
- D. children would not ask for rewards when they enter university

67. The example of the author’s neighbor shows that _____.

- A. pizza is the best way to motivate children
- B. reward is not the only way to motivate children
- C. the author’s neighbor was very poor
- D. the author’s neighbor’s son didn’t like reward

D

“Racism(种族歧视)is a grown-up disease,” declares the saying on Ruby Bridge’s website along with a photo of Mrs .Bridge today, a 6-year-old girl four decades ago. In the photo, she is walking up the steps of the William Frantz Public School in New Orleans, a little black girl accompanied by two officers who protect her on her way to school.

Her name then was Ruby Nell. It was Nov.14, 1960. She was the first black child to enroll at this all-white elementary school according to the court order to desegregate in New Orleans schools. Her story is moving—she was a very courageous child—and remains a significant proof against intolerance(不宽容)of all kinds. Ruby’s photo brings out another powerful image on her website: Norman Rockwell’s symbolic painting for Look magazine on Jan. 14, 1964, “The Problem We All Live With.”

Rockwell was an illustrator of exceptional skill and charm. He produced a vast number of unforgettable images over a long career, many of them involving children. His American kids are innocent and appealing, but often, at the same time, decidedly naughty. His method was to photograph his models, and the resulting paintings were photographic. But it is revealing to see how the artist slightly changed facial expressions from photo to oil painting in order to make his paintings communicate with the viewer. Communication, ever persuasion, lay at the back of his work; this was art for effect.

“The Problem We All Live With” belongs to Rockwell’s later work, when he began openly showing his strong belief in liberty. This is a highly persuasive image. Before he arrived at the final copy, one sketch(草图)shows the little girl closer to the two officers following her than to those in front. In the finished picture, the girl seems more determined, independent and untouched. The unfriendly tomatoes thrown on the wall are behind her now and she is completely unaffected.

68. According to the passage, “The Problem We All Live With” is a(n) _____.

- A. social program for American children
- B. famous painting by Norman Rockwell
- C. photo displayed on Ruby Bridges’ website
- D. exhibition at the Norman Rockwell Museum

69. The underlined word “desegregate” in paragraph 2 probably means “_____.”

- A. fight against the white
- B. end racial separation
- C. struggle for freedom
- D. stop the black-white conflict

70. The main topic of this passage is _____.

- A. how Rockwell encouraged Ruby to fight against racial
- B. how Ruby won her fight to go to an all-white school
- C. how Rockwell expressed his protest in his work
- D. how persuasive Rockwell’s earlier work of art is

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The time you spend at the office may be the most stressful part of your day, but it doesn’t have to be. 71 .

Take breaks throughout the day. It will help clear your mind and relieve pressure. Something as simple as going to the water cooler for a drink may do the trick.

Enroll in a noontime or an after-work exercise class. This will give you a chance to unwind and a way to relieve stress.

72. Do more demanding work in the morning ,when your energy level is higher, and easier work later in the day , when you may be tired.

73. Many tapes are sold commercially. Use headphones if you'll be listening to them in the middle of the workday.

74 .You may be able to accomplish more when you vary your routine.

If your stress comes from job insecurity, take stock of yourself. Update your resume, and remind yourself of your skills and strengths. Also , make sure you keep up with new developments in your field. 75.

Don't let work rumors, which are usually false, cause you worry. A co-worker may just be thinking out loud about worst – case scenarios.

- A. Opportunities to take a nap at work are also likely to increase.
- B. You have a greater ability to shape your office environment than you may realize
- C. Try listening to music records to help you relax
- D. Relax yourself as possible as you can at any time
- E. Get to work early or stay late once a week
- F. This will make you valuable to employers
- G. To help your workday go smoothly, try pacing your activities

71. _____ 72. _____ 73. _____ 74. _____ 75. _____

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分35分）

第一节 短文改错（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

注意：

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；
2. 只允许修改10处，多者（从第11处起）不记分。

Dear Abby,

How are you? Today I've got a wonderful news to tell you. I have offered a scholarship at a university in Australia for my further education. Two hundreds and twenty students took exams for it, but only a few was chosen and I was one of them. However, my parents are not happy about it. They are strong against me going there. They say it is too far away that they will not see me for a whole year and they are afraid of I will feel lonely. They can't imagine so young a girl live alone. They advise me to study in the capital instead. Then I'll be able to continue living with them. How can I persuade them to receive the fact I have grown up?

Best wishes,

Yang Mei

第二节 书面表达（满分25分）

假如你是李华，将于3月15日到英国伦敦参加“International English Learning Camp”。与会代表在会上交流自己的英语学习体会。请你根据以下提示写一篇英文发言稿。

| | |
|------|-------------|
| 学习方法 | ·多记有用句型 |
| | ·学习一些语法 |
| | ·多阅读英文报纸杂志 |
| | ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ |
| 学习所得 | ·了解异国文化 |
| | ·与外国人直接交流 |
| | ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ |
| 学习困难 | ·经常遗忘所学词汇 |
| | ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ |

注意：

1. 发言稿的开头与结尾已经给出， 不计入总词数；
2. 可根据内容要点适当发挥， 但不要逐条翻译；
3. 词数：100 左右。

Good morning, everyone,

In today's world, being able to master a foreign language will be helpful in our life. Here I'd like to share with you my opinion about my English learning.

Thank you!

高二英语参考答案

1. CBAAC 6.ACBB 11.CABBA 16.BBBCB
21. CDBDC 26.CBADC 31.ACACB
36 .BDCDB 41.CABDB 46.CBDAC 51.DCABC
56—59 DCDC 60—63 BACC 64—67 DBAB 68—70 BBC
71—75 BGCEF

Dear Abby,

How are you? Today I've got ~~a~~ wonderful news to tell you. I have ~~^~~ been offered a scholarship at a university in Australia for my further education. Two hundreds and twenty hundred students took exams for it, but only a few was chosen and I was one of them. However, my were parents are not happy about it. They are strong against me going there. They say it is too far strongly so away that they will not see me for a whole year and they are afraid ~~of~~ I will feel lonely.

或改为 that

They can't imagine so young a girl live alone. They advise me to study in the capital living instead. Then I'll be able to continue living with them. How can I persuade them to receive accept the fact ~~^~~ that I have grown up?

Best wishes,

Yang Mei

Good morning, everyone,

In today's world, being able to master a foreign language will be helpful in our life. Here I'd like to share with you my opinion about my English learning. First of all, I think it useful to learn some grammar and remember useful sentences as many as I can. As we all know, the more we read, the better our English will be. So I spend much time reading English newspapers and magazines after class, which helps to improve my English. Besides, TV and radio programmes are of great help for my listening.

Learning English not only increases my awareness of foreign cultures but also helps me to communicate with foreigners and to make more new friends.

However, sometimes I get discouraged because I keep forgetting words I have learned. And I also find some English pronunciations rather confusing. I would appreciate it if you could give me some advice on how to learn English better.

Thank you!