

2011-2012 学年度上学期期中阶段测试

高二英语试卷

考试时间:120 分钟 试题满分:150 分

第一卷 (三部分, 共 115 分)

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man imply the woman should do?
A. Mail her letters. B. Study for exams. C. Start writing letters.
2. Where will the man put the playing cards?
A. By the TV. B. Under the table. C. On the bookcase.
3. What does the woman say about Jack?
A. He wears glasses. B. He likes dancing. C. He has short hair.
4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. An accident. B. A student. C. A coat.
5. What does the woman suggest the man do?
A. Phone his family. B. Buy a new wallet. C. Go home by bus.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. How long does the woman work a day?
A. About 7 hours. B. About 9 hours. C. About 10 hours.
7. What does the woman do every morning?
A. She takes exercise. B. She watches television. C. She walks to work.

听第 7 材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What's the probable relationship between the man and Nina?
A. Workmates. B. Husband and wife. C. Customer and saleswoman.
9. Who did the man go downtown with?
A. Nina. B. Pete. C. His kids.
10. What happened to the man at Tony's?
A. He was hurt by a barber. B. He ruined his jacket. C. He cut Tony's ear.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Where did the man go last year?

A. To Italy. B. To France. C. To Scotland.

12. What does the woman like to do in summer?

A. Do outdoor sports. B. Learn dancing. C. Visit art galleries.

13. What does the woman dislike about Scotland?

A. The hotels. B. The weather. C. The castles.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. How did the woman get the news?

A. She watched TV. B. She listened to the radio. C. Her friend told her.

15. What did the man do after he saw the kid?

A. He yelled for help? B. He climbed up the cliff.

C. He called the Coastal Rescue Service.

16. What did the man think of his first action?

A. Fast. B. Timely. C. Unwise.

17. What happened in the end?

A. The man saved the kid. B. The kid slipped off the cliff.

C. The man and the kid were rescued.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What do we know about most girls?

A. They wear the same color clothes. B. They color their hair.

C. They dress casually.

19. When do the staffs get off work?

A. At about 5:00 p.m. B. At about 6:00 p.m. C. At about 7:00 p.m.

20. What is allowed in the office?

A. Eating. B. Smoking. C. Drinking.

第二部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. As ____ cities grow, so does ____ number of buildings that characterize them: office towers, factories, shopping centers and high-rise apartment buildings.

A. X; the B. X; X C. the; a D. the; X

22. ____ it is true that a student's most important goal is to do well in his or her studies, it doesn't need to be the only goal.

A. When B. As C. While D. Before

23. We must _____ every penny we spend during a business trip.

A. account for B. take on C. make up D. turn out

24. Have you ever been in a situation ____ you know the other person is right yet you can not agree with him?

A. which B. that C. when D. where

25. --Why haven't I seen Brown lately?
--Oh, because it is three weeks since he _____ here.
A. got B. lived C. has lived D. had got
26. --When I got into the shop, the salesperson always follows me around.
--I have the same experience. The way the shop assistant behaves is _____ annoys people a lot.
A. which B. where C. how D. what
27. I may let you get away with your bad behavior this time, but I must warn you that if this happens again you _____ be punished.
A. will B. shall C. can D. must
28. China is no longer _____ a production base; it is also one of the most important consumer markets.
A. merely B. partly C. shortly D. totally
29. -- _____ that he picked his uncle at the airport?
--It was at 6:00 in the afternoon _____ he got off work.
A. When was it; that B. Was it when; that
C. When was it; when D. Was it when; when
30. _____ the reasons, the new cloning technologies have so far caused heated debates among scientists, politicians and the general public.
A. However B. Whichever C. Whatever D. Whichever
31. The government spokesman has to _____ his words before responding to reporters.
A. cover B. pass C. weigh D. express
32. Having sent several emails to apply for jobs, the college graduate waited for a reply, but _____ came.
A. none B. neither C. no one D. nothing
33. I thought her nice and honest _____ I met her.
A. first time B. the first time C. for the first time D. by the first time
34. She actually heard about it, but she pretended _____.
A. not to B. not hearing C. to have not D. not to have
35. --Mom, I'm going to the graduation dance tonight but I don't think I look attractive enough.
--Oh, darling, don't worry. _____
A. They don't know what beauty is. B. Nobody care about it.
C. Impossible is nothing. D. You look perfect the way you are.

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

The back door of the ambulance(救护车) was suddenly shut and the driver ran to the front, jumped into his seat, and started the engine. Inside were the 36 parents, Mr. and Mrs. Green, the mother holding their baby daughter, Ally. The little girl had some food 37 in her throat and could hardly breathe.

The driver, Mr. White, turned on his siren (报警器) and flashing light, and started speeding towards the nearest hospital, fighting 38 time. The 39 ahead of him pulled out of the way

40 he drove through the busy traffic. From the back of the ambulance the parents were shouting at him to hurry, since Ally had almost stopped breathing. In front of him he saw some traffic 41, with the red “STOP” light shining. Mr. White knew that he had no time to lose, so he drove straight past the traffic lights, looking 42 his left and right as he did so.

Coming towards him from his right was a taxi. The driver had the windows 43, since the car was air-conditioned, and he was playing his radio. He did not 44 the ambulance. The lights were green, so he drove straight 45 into the part of the ambulance.

Mr. White tried to stop his ambulance but it was too 46. It hit the taxi. 47 was shaken but no one was hurt. Mr. White looked to see 48 little Ally was. He was astonished to see relief(宽慰) instead of 49 on the faces of the parents.

“Look!” cried Mrs. Green. “She is 50 again.”

“It 51 have been the crash”, said her husband. “It 52 the food out of her throat.”

The baby’s color was turning to 53, and she was crying in loud 54 healthy voice. They were all joyful, and quite forgot about the accident, the taxi and the lines of 55 all around them.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 36. A. worried | B. angry | C. young | D. surprised |
| 37. A. stayed | B. stuck | C. eaten | D. wounded |
| 38. A. against | B. on | C. for | D. to |
| 39. A. people | B. drivers | C. cars | D. parents |
| 40. A. that | B. as | C. if | D. where |
| 41. A. signs | B. policemen | C. lights | D. marks |
| 42. A. at | B. from | C. forward | D. to |
| 43. A. open | B. clean | C. up | D. down |
| 44. A. hear | B. see | C. find | D. notice |
| 45. A. away | B. on | C. off | D. out |
| 46. A. dangerous | B. late | C. careless | D. quick |
| 47. A. The driver | B. Someone | C. No one | D. Everyone |
| 48. A. how | B. what | C. where | D. who |
| 49. A. pleasure | B. anger | C. fear | D. surprise |
| 50. A. crying | B. breathing | C. smiling | D. speaking |
| 51. A. may | B. can | C. should | D. must |
| 52. A. took | B. picked | C. knocked | D. made |
| 53. A. common | B. normal | C. usual | D. ordinary |
| 54. A. or | B. with | C. but | D. and |
| 55. A. people | B. policemen | C. lights | D. cars |

第三部分 阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

A

He is on his feet or on the go—eight hours a day, and 76-year-old Frank Montijo’s beside

manner gets instant results.

A retired optician(眼镜商), Montijo makes weekly rounds at the Denver Veterans Affairs Medical Center.

“Anyone here likes to have their glasses adjusted or repaired?” Montijo asks in a medical center.

He is the only volunteer with a fee, reports CBS News reporter Barry Peterson.

“I change a handshake and a smile,” said Montijo.

“I think he should be paid at least a hug, too,” said Joseph Anello.

Montijo’s cart is like an optician’s office on wheels, beginning with a couple of hundred spare frames. He can tighten loose screws or nose pads, clean them, and even replace frames with his frying pan filled with talcum(滑石粉)powder and salt.

Absent-mindedness keeps him in supplies. Glasses forgotten on Frontier Airlines flights are picked up by Montijo who takes them home to sort and clean.

It has been 21,500 served in a decade of helping satisfied customers like Vietnam veteran Gene Yohn. “I think if we had more like that in this world, we’d have a better world,” said Yohn.

Montijo saw war on the USS Fechteler during the Korean War, so when it comes to helping fellow veterans, his passion runs deep.

“I just don’t know how to say no when a guy needs me,” said Montijo, moved to tears.

“I can’t tell if you are a veteran or a good friend,” said Peterson.

“Both,” said Montijo.

Montijo served his country with honor, and every week, he takes pride in serving it again.

56. How did Montijo get supplies of glasses?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| A. He saved money to buy glasses. | B. He collected old glasses in town. |
| C. He received donations of glasses. | D. He picked up glasses forgotten by others. |

57. What made Montijo become a volunteer?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. His experience of war. | B. His skills of repairing glasses. |
| C. His love to serve the country. | D. His passion to work. |

58. The underlined part in paragraph 1 means _____.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. He has a realistic attitude of life | B. He has just recovered from an illness |
| C. He has many things to do | D. He is too attractive to stand for a while |

59. It can be inferred from the text that _____.

- | |
|--|
| A. Montijo is one of the volunteers with a fee |
| B. Montijo’s office is full of all kinds of things |
| C. Montijo is a kind and helpful man |
| D. Montijo and other veterans served their country as volunteers |

B

SPRINGFIELD, Mass, May 2—— Protesters (抗议者)marched outside America’s largest hand gun maker Saturday to demand safeguard cut down on the thousands of gun deaths that happen each year.

“We are holding the gun industry responsible(责任)because they have refused to design , advertise and market their products to save the lives of children,” said Arlene Locicero. Locicero, whose daughter was one of the six people killed in a 1993 shooting on a Long Island train, was among 150 people protesting outside Smith & Wesson.

Shoes Used in Protest

The protest was one of several planned to be held Saturday outside the country’s largest gun makers in Connecticut, Georgia, Maryland, Massachusetts and Virginia

Protesters laid out 5,285 pairs of shoes to show the number of young people aged 19 and under who died from gun shots in 1995.

The protesters wanted gun makers to make guns childproof, put on clear warnings on gun, reduce production and raised prices.

Congress Considering Bill

Congress(议会)is now considering a bill to educate parents about proper gun storage.

Ed Shultz, Smith &Wesson’s president, said his company already sells guns with locks and takes many of the measures suggested by the protestors.

However, “There is no proper training of those who are using handguns.” He said gun owners must learn the importance of safe storage that keeps guns away from children.

60. This piece of news is mainly about _____.

- A. what people demand in reducing deaths caused by guns
- B. the protest held against owning guns
- C. a bill how gun owners should store their guns
- D. why children should not have guns

61. According to the protesters, who should be blamed most for the great number of gun deaths?

- A. The government.
- B. Children.
- C. Gun owners.
- D. Gun makers.

62. From the news report we can see that on May 2_____.

- A. only people in Massachusetts held a protest
- B. protests were held at least in five states
- C. gun companies promised to do what protesters had required
- D. people saw the shoes of all those died of gun shots in 1995

63. What Ed Shultz said suggested that _____.

- A. people should not have guns before they have some training
- B. they will set up training centers for gun owners
- C. gun owners should learn to use their guns properly
- D. they have done enough to prevent gun deaths

C

The National Trust has many campsites in scenic locations all over the UK. Make the most of the last days of summer by living outdoors and taking in these beautiful landscapes. Here are some of the most popular places to go.

Low Wray, Cumbria

Low Wray is a lovely campsite situated on the western shore of Windermere in the Lake District. There are magnificent views across the water to Wansfell Pike and the Fairfield Horseshoe and the site is an ideal base for water sports with on-site access for launching.

Phone 01539463862 or [book online](#).

Houghton Mill, Cambridgeshire

This site is situated on the banks of the Great Ouse with spectacular views across the river to the Trust's Houghton Mill, the last working mill on this river. Mill demonstrations are held every Sunday during the season and the site is situated near the picturesque village of Houghton. There are plenty of footpaths for walkers, horse riders and cyclists along the waterways.

[Check availability](#) or phone 01480466716.

Wasdale Head, Cumbria

Wasdale is a great base for climbers of all abilities. The site is nestled under the Scafell mountain range at the head of beautiful Wastwater, the deepest lake in England. Canoeing is possible on Wastwater although limited to no more than 15 on the lake at a time.

Phone 01212765416 or [book online](#).

Highertown Farm, Cornwall

A small, basic campsite situated in the quiet hamlet of Lansallos with fine views of the south-east Cornwall coast and not far from a secluded beach. Bookings may be necessary at peak time.

Email or phone 01208265211

[Facilities and booking](#).

Lundy, Bristol Channel

Lundy Island is an unspoilt(未遭破坏的) island, home to a fascinating to the tides, 1 April—31 Oct and a winter helicopter service 1 Nov—31 March.

Email or phone 01271863636 for more information.

64. Mike is fond of swimming. Which of the following campsites would he choose?
- A. Low Wray, Cumbria. B. Lundy, Bristol Channel.
C. Highertown Farm, Cornwall. D. Houghton Mill, Cambridgeshire.
65. If you are interested in cycling, which number would you like to dial?
- A. 01539463862 B. 01208265211 C. 01480466716 D. 01271863636
66. If you are at **Wasdale Head**, _____.
A. you can swim in the lake B. you can have fun in canoeing
C. it is dangerous to climb the Seafell D. it is fun to go fishing along the bank
67. If your family want to go to **Highertown Farm** during official holidays, you'd better _____.
A. book in advance B. send email first
C. dial 01208265211 D. bring your own tents

D

Art museums are places where people can learn about various cultures. The increasingly popular “design museums” that are opening today, however, perform quite a different role.

Unlike most art museums, the design museum shows objects that are easily found by the general public. These museums sometimes even place things like fridges and washing machines in the center of the hall.

People have argued that design museums are often made use of as advertisements for new industrial technology. But their role is not simply a matter of sales — it is the honoring of excellently invented products. The difference between the window of a department store and the showcase in a design museum is that the first tries to sell you something, while the second tells you the success of a sale.

One advantage of design museums is that they are places where people feel familiar with the exhibits. Unlike the average art museum visitors, design museum visitors seldom feel frightened or puzzled. This is partly because design museums clearly show how and why mass-produced products work and look as they do, and how design has improved the quality of our lives. Art museum exhibits, on the other hand, would most probably fill visitors with a feeling that there is something beyond their understanding.

In recent years, several new design museums has tried to satisfy the public's growing interest in the field with new ideas. London's Design Museum, for example, shows a collection of mass-produced objects from Zippo lighters to electric typewriters to a group of Italian fish-tins. The choices open to design museums, and visitors may also sense the humorous part of our society while walking around such exhibits as interesting and unusually attractive toys collected in our everyday life.

68. Showcases in design museums are different from store windows because they _____.
A. show more technologically advanced products B. help increase the sales of products
C. show why the products have sold well D. attract more product than store windows do
69. The author believes that most design museum visitors _____.
A. do not admire mass-produced products B. are puzzled with technological exhibits
C. dislike exhibits in art museums D. know the exhibits very well
70. The best title for this passage is _____.
A. The forms of design museums B. The exhibits of design museums
C. The nature of design museums D. The choices open to design museums

第二节（共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

“Christmas comes but once in a year” is a familiar phrase, and indeed for many people the 25th of December is the highlight of the calendar. 71 Andy Park, who is better known by his nickname Mr. Christmas, has celebrated Christmas every single day for the last 14 years.

The 44-year-old electrician claims to have eaten a full roast dinner every day for the last decade and a half, munching his way through over 5,000 turkeys, 117,000 Brussels sprouts, and around 30,000 roast potatoes in the process. He also sends himself a Christmas card every day

and looks forward to unwrapping a present he has brought himself each evening. 72 This year, however, the divorcee says he is feeling the pinch(感到拮据)due to the global financial crisis, and is scaling(缩减)back his celebrations.

73 Mr. Park was previously warned by his doctor that his Christmas addiction could kill him. His daily over-indulgence has caused his weight to skyrocket to 19 stone (121kg). 74 I'll never forget the day it started," said Mr. Park, "the sun was shining, but I was just feeling fed up and bored, so I went home and put the decorations up. Suddenly I was happy. I thought , this is fun. So I did it again the next day, and the day after that."

75 In 2005 he released a song, properly titled *It's Christmas Every Day*, but has yet to find chart success.

- A. So how did Andy Park's obsession with Christmas begin?
- B. But every British man would like to celebrate it every day.
- C. And Mr. Park has not been content to keep his Christmas cheer to himself.
- D. Mr. Park estimates his festive fetish(癖好)costs him £ 150 a week.
- E. His Christmas habit is putting a strain on more than just his wallet.
- F. He would like to get rid of the habit of his Christmas addiction.
- G. But for one British man once a year is not enough.

第二卷(非选择题 共 35 分)

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。错误设计一个单词的增加,删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏词符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下面画一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

When people think about precious things, they usually think about money or jewelry. I am not very rich, and I have something very precious in my room. It's not a CD player or a cellphone. It is the view from my window. I am lucky live near a park. My window faces with the tops of the trees in the park. Below the tree I can see children on the playground, young couples walked quietly, mothers with children, and old people sitting on the beach. The whole world is before their eyes. My classmates like to go online or listens to music, but when I have a free time, I just sit on the chair and enjoyed the most precious thing in my room: the view.

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

请你根据以下通知的内容，以学生会的名义写一则书面通知。

通 知

活动目的：进一步提高全校师生的应急疏散能力、自我保护能力和安全意识

指 挥 者：校长

活动地点：学校操场

演练时间：2011 年 11 月 8 日下午 3:30

参加人员：全校师生

注意事项：1. 服从引导员的指挥

2. 各班按次序撤离

3. 保持镇静，不能发生挤、踏、踩等事故

4. 安全第一

学生会

2011 年 11 月 4 日

注意：1. 通知要包括以上提供的所有内容要点，可以适当增加细节，使内容连贯。

2. 词数：100 左右（开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数）

3. 参考词汇：疏散演练：evacuation exercise 引导员：guide

NOTICE

November 4, 2011

Earthquakes are one of the most dangerous among all natural disasters. _____

Students' Union