

2016-2017 学年上学期高一第二次段考

英语试卷

考试说明：1. 考查范围：必修 1 第 3 单元。

2. 试卷结构：分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)；试卷分值:100 分，考试时间:100 分钟。

3. 所有答案均要答在答题卡和答题卷上，否则无效。考试结束后只交答题卷。

第 I 卷（选择题 共 75 分）

第一部分 英语知识运用（共两节，共 40 分）

第一节 单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

第一节：单项填空（从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

1. Life is like \_\_\_\_\_ ocean; Only \_\_\_\_\_ strong-willed can reach the other shore.  
A. an; the                      B. the; a                      C. the; /                      D. / ; a
2. It is often \_\_\_\_\_ that human beings are naturally equipped to speak.  
A. being said                      B. to say                      C. saying                      D. said
3. Whether the plan will be carried out next month totally \_\_\_\_\_ the manager's decision.  
A. depends                      B. depend on  
C. will be depend on                      D. depends on
4. —Our school has won the championship!  
— \_\_\_\_\_ !  
A. Good luck                      B. It depends  
C. Congratulations                      D. Good idea
5. ---What do you think we can do for our aged parents?  
---You \_\_\_\_\_ do anything except to be with them and be yourself.  
A. don't have to                      B. oughtn't to  
C. mustn't                      D. can't
6. —Has the price of the house been agreed \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
—Yes, we all agree \_\_\_\_\_ the seller.  
A. with; with                      B. on; on  
C. on; with                      D. with; on

7. \_\_\_\_\_ many new ways of communication are becoming popular nowadays, letters are still irreplaceable, I think.

- A. Now that      B. If      C. Even if      D. As a result of

8. Under a big tree \_\_\_\_\_, half asleep.

- A. did sat a fat man      B. a fat man sat  
C. did a fat man sat      D. sat a fat man

9. The girl can ride a horse and swim, and she can shoot \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. also      B. as well as      C. either      D. as well

10. With two children \_\_\_\_\_ middle school in the nearby town now, the parents are working hard.

- A. to attend      B. attending      C. attended      D. having attended

11. Emergency line operators must always \_\_\_\_\_ calm and make sure that they get all the information they need to send help.

- A. grow      B. appear      C. become      D. stay

12. Emails, though \_\_\_\_\_ exposed to misleading information, are considered far more convenient than traditional letters.

- A. occasionally      B. personally      C. smartly      D. fortunately

13. In Disneyland, every year, much of the grass is replaced because Disney refuses to \_\_\_\_\_ signs asking his visitors not to step on them.

- A. put on      B. put up  
C. put down      D. put out

14. \_\_\_\_\_ in a white uniform, he looks more like a cook than a doctor.

- A. Dressed      B. To dress      C. Dressing      D. Having dressed

15. --- It's a good idea. But who's going to \_\_\_\_\_ the plan?

--- I think Tom and Grey will.

- A. set aside      B. carry out      C. take in      D. get through

第二节：完形填空（共 20 小题； 每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后所给各题的四个选项 A、B、C、D 中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When he was still young, everything was 16, for the world was just before him.

One morning, God came to him, "What 17 do you have? Tell me and I can make it come true for you, for you're my pet. But remember, you can only tell 18. "

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“19\_\_\_,”he said unwillingly. “I have a lot of wishes. ”

God slowly shook his head, “There're too many beautiful things in the world , but life is limited, so no one can possess all. Once you make a 20\_\_\_, you will give up others. Come on, choose carefully, with no 21\_\_\_ . ”

22\_\_\_, he asked, “Will I regret?”

God said, “Who knows. Choose love and you will have to 23\_\_\_ the emotional torment(痛苦), to choose wisdom means pains and loneliness; choose money and you will have the trouble 24\_\_\_ brings along . There're too many people who regret that they should virtually take another way 25\_\_\_ they've gone one way. Think about it carefully, what do you really want in your lifetime? ”

He thought and thought, all desires 26\_\_\_ and fluttering around him. Which one was the one he couldn't give up? Finally, he said to God, “Let me think, let me think. ”

God said, “But you 27\_\_\_ be quick, my son. ”

Since then, his life was filled with the constant 28\_\_\_ and balance. He used half the time of his life to make lists and the other half to tear them up because he always found himself 29\_\_\_ something.

Day after day, year after year, he was no longer 30\_\_\_. God came to him again. “My child, haven't you decided your wish yet? But you only have five minutes 31\_\_\_ . ”

“What?”he exclaimed.” Over the years, I haven’t enjoyed the joy of love, I haven't accumulate (积累) 32\_\_\_ and haven’t received wisdom; I haven’t gotten all I want. My God, how can you take away my life at this time?”

Five minutes later, no matter how 33\_\_\_ he pleaded(请求),God couldn’t help but take him away.

Life is like this: everywhere is alive with choices. Since it is impossible to have everything, you should learn to make a choice; if you're 34\_\_\_ everything, perhaps you can only achieve 35\_\_\_ in the end.

- |                     |                  |                |                |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 16. A. young        | B. alive         | C. impossible  | D. possible    |
| 17. A. wish         | B. choice        | C. idea        | D. pet         |
| 18. A. some         | B. it            | C. one         | D. many        |
| 19. A. Though       | B. However       | C. Also        | D. still       |
| 20. A. choice       | B. difference    | C. noise       | D. mistake     |
| 21. A. wishes       | B. mistakes      | C. pains       | D. regrets     |
| 22. A. Annoyed      | B. Surprised     | C. Excited     | D. Moved       |
| 23. A. come up with | B. catch up with | C. put up with | D. mix up with |
| 24. A. who          | B. which         | C. it          | D. what        |

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- |                    |                |                |                |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 25. A. after       | B. which       | C. that        | D. where       |
| 26. A. planting in | B. taking in   | C. bringing in | D. crowding in |
| 27. A. can         | B. may         | C. should      | D. would       |
| 28. A. wishes      | B. comparisons | C. regrets     | D. desires     |
| 29. A. work out    | B. leave out   | C. take out    | D. make out    |
| 30. A. old         | B. possible    | C. young       | D. painful     |
| 31. A. left        | B. to leave    | C. leave       | D. leaving     |
| 32. A. wealth      | B. health      | C. desires     | D. regrets     |
| 33. A. happily     | B. hopefully   | C. painfully   | D. curiously   |
| 34. A. ready for   | B. eager for   | C. greedy for  | D. hungry for  |
| 35. A. everything  | B. nothing     | C. something   | D. anything    |

## 第二部分 阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

### A

Now is the best time for Hong Kong shopping lovers, as most shops and markets are having their seasonal sales. With the same amount of money, you can find different kinds of goods in this city. Women, young and old, rarely resist (拒绝) the attraction of this shopping paradise(乐园) at this time of year. Lovers will surely have an exciting Christmas and New Year's Eve celebrations at the Time Square or in the western styled bars. Spending your holiday in Hong Kong will be easy too, as several packing tours are available(可用的) from CZL Travel Service, with four-day tours for less than 15,000 yuan.

Tour Package 1(3,200 yuan) : a 4-day-tour including three nights' accommodation(住宿), science helicopter flight, night ferry(渡船) tour of Victoria Harbor and shuttle bus to the park to view the city at night.

Tour package 2 (1,880 yuan) : a 4-day-shopping tour including three nights accommodation ,tour to Golden Beach and the Waxwork Museum, shuttle bus to the Peak and shopping opportunities.

Tour package 3 (1,480 yuan ) : a 4-day-DIY- tour including three nights accommodation in a four-star hotel and total freedom to do what you want.

36. This advertisement is given by \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                             |                 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| A. a shopping center        | B. a hotel      |
| C. a Travel Service Company | D. a tour guide |

37. What is the same in the three packages?

- A. They all last for 4 days.  
 B. Tourists can stay in for-star hotels.  
 C. Tourists are free to do what you want.  
 D. They all include night activities and shopping opportunities.

38. What is the purpose of the text?

- A. To encourage people to travel.  
 B. To tell people how to celebrate Christmas and New Year's Day.

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- C. To invite people to join the company.  
D. To persuade people to buy their service.

B

The famous director of a big and expensive movie planned to film a beautiful sunset (日落) over the ocean, so that the audiences could see his hero and heroine in front of it at the end of the film as they said goodbye to each other forever. He sent his camera crew (机组人员) out one evening to film the sunset for him.

The next morning he said to the men, "Have you provided me with that sunset?"

"No, sir," the men answered.

The director was angry. "Why not?" he asked.

"Well, sir," one of the men answered, "we're on the east coast (海岸) here, and the sun sets in the west. We can get you a sunrise over the sea, if necessary, but not a sunset."

"But I want a sunset!" the director shouted. "Go to the airport, take the next flight to the west coast, and get one."

But then a young secretary had an idea. "Why don't you photograph a sunrise," she suggested, "and then play it backwards? Then it'll look like a sunset."

"That's a very good idea!" the director said. Then he turned to the camera crew and said,

"Tomorrow morning I want you to get me a beautiful sunrise over the sea."

The camera crew went out early the next morning and filmed a bright sunrise over the beach in the middle of a beautiful bay. Then at nine o'clock they took it to the director. "Here it is, sir," they said, and gave it to him. He was very pleased.

They all went into the studio. "All right," the director explained, "now our hero and heroine are going to say goodbye. Run the film backwards so that we can see the 'sunset' behind them."

The "sunset" began, but after a quarter of a minute, the director suddenly put his face in his hands and shouted to the camera crew to stop.

The birds in the film were flying backwards, and the waves on the sea were going away from the beach.

39. One evening, the director sent his camera crew out \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to film a scene on the sea
- B. to find an actor and an actress
- C. to watch a beautiful sunset
- D. to meet the audience

40. Why did the director want to send his crew to the west coast?

- A. Because he changed his mind about getting a sunset.
- B. Because he was angry with his crew.
- C. Because he wanted to get a scene of sunset.
- D. Because it was his secretary's suggestion.

41. The director wanted to film a sunset over the ocean because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. it went well with the separation of the hero and heroine
- B. when they arrived at the beach it was already in the evening
- C. it was more moving than a sunrise
- D. the ocean looked more beautiful at sunset

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42. After the “sunset” began, the director suddenly put his face in his hands \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. because he was moved to tears
- B. as he saw everything in the film moving backwards
- C. as the sunrise did not look as beautiful as he had imagined
- D. because he was disappointed with the performance of the hero and heroine

C

Green is an important color in nature. It is the color of grass and the leaves on trees. It is also the color of most growing plants.

Sometimes, the word green means young, fresh and growing. Sometimes, it describes something that is not yet ripe or finished. For example, a greenhorn is someone who has no experience, who is new to a situation. In the fifteenth century, a greenhorn was a young cow or an ox whose horns(角) had not yet developed. A century later, a greenhorn was a soldier who had not yet had any experience in battle. By the eighteenth century, a greenhorn had the meaning it has today—a person who is new in a job.

Someone who has the ability to grow plants well is said to have a green thumb. The expression comes from early nineteenth century. A person with a green thumb seems to have a magic touch that makes plants grow quickly and well. You might say that the woman next door has a green thumb if her garden continues to grow long after your plants have died.

The Green Revolution is the name given some years ago to the development of new kinds of rice and other grains. The new plants produced much larger crops. The Green Revolution was the result of hard work by agricultural scientists who had green thumbs.

Green is also the color used to describe the powerful feeling, jealousy(嫉妒). The green-eyed monster is not a frightening creature from outer space. It is an expression used about four hundred years ago by British writer William Shakespeare in his play “Othello”. It describes the unpleasant feeling a person has when someone has something he wants. A young man may suffer from the green-eyed monster if his girlfriend begins going out with someone else. Or, that green-eyed monster may affect your friend if you get a pay rise and he does not.

43. A greenhorn now refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                 |                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| A. a person who is new in a job | B. a new soldier       |
| C. a young horse                | D. a cow without horns |

44. A person who has a green thumb is a person \_\_\_\_\_.

- |   |                                      |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| A. who is good at growing plants        | B. whose thumbs are of green color   |
| C. whose garden is greener than others' | D. who is younger than his neighbors |

45. The author is actually talking about \_\_\_\_\_.

- |             |                |
|-------------|----------------|
| A. colors   | B. language    |
| C. politics | D. Agriculture |

46. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. In about the 16th century, a greenhorn meant an experienced soldier.
- B. The Green Revolution may have some connection with green thumbs.
- C. The green-eyed monster was probably created by William Shakespeare.
- D. The green-eyed monster can be used to describe a person who is jealous.

## D

Cancer researchers urged people on Wednesday to take more vitamin D to lower risk of cancer, saying studies showed a clear link. “Our suggestion is for people to increase their intake (吸入, 摄入), through diet or a vitamin supplement,” Dr. Cedric Garland said in a telephone interview.

Garland's research team reviewed 63 studies, including several large long-term ones, on the relationship between vitamin D and certain types of cancer worldwide between 1966 and 2004. “There's nothing that has this ability to prevent cancer.” he said, urging governments and public health officials to do more to fortify (增强) foods with vitamin D. Garland is part of a University of California at San Diego Moores Cancer Center team that published its findings this week online in the American Journal of Public Health. Vitamin D is found in milk, as well as in some fortified orange juice, yogurt and cheeses, usually at around 100 international units (IU) a serving. “People might want to consider a vitamin supplement(补充物) to raise their intake to 1000 IUs per day.” Garland said, adding that it was well within the safety guidelines established by the National Academy of Sciences.

The authors said that taking more vitamin D could be especially important for people living in northern areas, which receive less vitamin D from sunshine.

“African Americans, who don't produce as much of the vitamin because of their skin color, could also benefit significantly from a higher intake,” the authors said.

47. According to the passage, people are advised to take more Vitamin D, because\_\_.

- A. it is nutritious
- B. it can't harm people's health
- C. it can lower cancer risk
- D. it is not taken enough every day

48. Who can Garland probably be?

- A. A health researcher
- B. A doctor
- C. A scientist
- D. A public health official

49. How do you understand the underlined sentence in Paragraph 2?

- A. Nothing has the ability to prevent cancer.
- B. Vitamin D doesn't have the ability to prevent cancer.
- C. Cancer cannot be prevented by anything.
- D. Vitamin D has the best ability to prevent cancer.

50. People from which area should take more Vitamin D according to the passage?

- A. Asian people
- B. African people
- C. American people
- D. European people

## 第II卷 (非选择题 共25分)

### 第三部分 写作(共两节, 共25分)

#### 第一节 单词拼写(共10小题; 每小题1分, 共10分)

根据下列各句句意, 结合首字母提示或空白之后的汉语提示, 在横线上写出对应单词的正确、完整形式, 每空只写一词。

51. You can see the red \_\_\_\_\_ (灯笼) here and there at the end of the Spring Festival.

52. Our English teacher Miss Li has been teaching in our school since she g\_\_\_\_\_ from

53. She may be offended if you don't reply to her \_\_\_\_\_ (请柬, 邀请) to attend the party.
54. Tom and Tony were very happy with the news that their father would buy many colorful lights to \_\_\_\_\_ (装饰) the Christmas tree.
55. Plenty of fresh air c\_\_\_\_\_ to good health.
56. We are asked not to accept a \_\_\_\_\_ (便车) from strangers.
57. The marriage c\_\_\_\_\_ took place in the church.
58. We should not only know the theory but also know how to a\_\_\_\_\_ it to practice.
59. Excuse me, can you tell me where the nearest e\_\_\_\_\_ to the theater is?
60. The house was in a \_\_\_\_\_ (混乱, 脏乱) after the party was over.

最近我校举办了一次英语书法比赛，大部分同学们积极参与，但少数同学书写不好，也不愿以改善。请你根据以下提示，给二十一世纪英文写一篇短文，分析该现象产生的原因并发表自己的看法。

你的看法.....

- In order to arouse the students' interest in English learning and enrich our school life, we held an English Handwriting Competition.

[illegible]



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## 二段答案

单项选择: 1-5 ADDCA      6-10 CCDDDB      11-15 DABAB  
完形填空: 16-20 DACBA      21-25 DBCCA      26-30 DCBBC      31-35 AACCB  
阅读答案: 36-50      CAD      ACAB      AABA      CADB  
单词拼写:  
51. lanterns    52. graduated    53. invitation    54. decorate    55. contributes  
56. lift        57. ceremony    58. apply        59. entrance    60. mess

### 书面表达范文:

In order to arouse the students' interest in English learning and enrich our school life, we held an English Handwriting Competition. Many students took an active part in the activity. However, some students who are poor at handwriting don't want to improve their handwriting. The reasons are as follows:

On one hand, they think that there is no need to waste time improving their handwriting because they can just use a computer. On the other hand, they believe that they are too busy with their studies to find time to practice. Besides, practicing handwriting is so difficult that they can't make great progress in a short time.

In my view, Students' beautiful and neat handwriting is beneficial to themselves. What's more, good handwriting is always appreciated by people, especially by teachers. Therefore, more emphasis should be placed on this aspect in future.

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