辽宁省实验中学 2014-2015 学年度下学期期中阶段测试

高二英语试卷

考试时间: 120 分钟 试题满分: 150 分 命题人: 费琼、艾娟 校对人: 费琼、艾娟

第一卷 (三部分, 共115分)

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分30分)

第一节(共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- 1. What does the man suggest?
 - A. Taking a plane.
- B. Taking a train.
- C. Driving a car.

- 2. What will the speakers do first?
 - A. Go home.
- B. Eat downtown.
- C. Go to the concert.
- 3. How much does the speakers do first?
 - A. 153 pounds.
- B. 160 pounds.
- C. 163 pounds.
- 4. Where is the woman's father now?
 - A. At home.
- B. In a hospital.
- C. At a restaurant.
- 5. Who will probably do the paperwork?
 - A. Beth.
- B. The man.
- C. The woman.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后,各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

- 6. What probably is the woman?
 - A. The man's colleague.
- B. The man's wife.
- C. A doctor.
- 7. Why does the man come to the woman again?
- A. He is tired of smoking. B. He is still coughing. C. He failed in quitting smoking. 听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。
- 8. What can we learn from the conversation?
 - A. The party is over. B. The speakers are at a very high building.
 - C. The woman prefers a small house in a poor neighborhood.
- 9. Where did the woman live when she was small?
 - A. A poor low suburban neighborhood. B. A high apartment building. C. A faraway village.
- 10. What can we learn about the woman?
- A. She is sleepy now. B. She doesn't sleep much. C. She doesn't need to work tomorrow. 听第 8 段材料,回答第 11 至 13 题。
- 11. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
 - A. A library.
- B. A university.
- C. A city.

- 12. What is Plymouth?
 - A. A ship.
- B. A town.
- C. A museum.
- 13. What is Boston best known for according to the man?
 - A. Economy.
- B. Farming.
- C. Culture.

听第9段材料,回答第14至16题。

14. How many countries are mentioned in the conversation?

A. Four.

B. Six.

C. Five.

15. Why did the man visit those countries in most cases?

A. On holiday.

B. For research.

C. On business.

16. How long did the man work in France?

A. For one year.

B. For three years.

C. For two years.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Where do children play games after school?

A. On the street corner. B. At home.

C. At school.

18. What do old people do in the evening?

A. Read newspapers.

B. Go to car races.

C. Watch TV at home.

19. How do young people go on outings at the weekends?

A. By bike.

B. By car.

C. By train.

20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?

A. Different ways of enjoyment. B. The life of Australians. C. Australians live a relaxed life.

第二部分:阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出一个最佳选项,并在 答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

London's newest skyscraper is called the Shard and it cost about 430 million pounds in construction. At a height of almost 310 meters, it is the tallest building in Europe. The Shard has completely changed the appearance of London. However, not everyone agrees that it is a change for the better.

The Shard was designed by the famous Italian architect Renzo Piano. When he began designing the Shard for London, Piano desired a very tall building that looked like a spire (尖顶). He wanted the glass surfaces to reflect the sky and the city. With the sides of the building irregular, the building has an unusual shape—a very thin, sharp piece of broken glass. And that is how the building got the name: the Shard. Piano says that the spire shape of the Shard is part of a great London tradition, reminding him of the spires of the churches of London or the tall masts (桅杆) of the ships that were once on the river Thames.

The Shard has 87 floors. At the top there is an observatory. At the moment the building is empty, but eventually there will be a five-star hotel and also top quality restaurants, apartments and offices.

Before construction work began, a lot of people didn't welcome the Shard though the plans were approved. Now they are still unhappy about the Shard. Some critics say that such a tall skyscraper might be fantastic in a city like New York, but not in London. They say that the best thing about the Shard is its spire shape. But that is the only thing. There is no decoration, only flat surfaces. The Egyptians did that 4,500 years ago. They also think the Shard is too huge for London, which destroys the beauty of the city.

Other critics don't agree to what the Shard seems to represent, saying that the Shard implies how London is becoming more unequal. Only very rich people can afford to purchase the expensive private apartments and enjoy the luxury. But the people who live near the Shard are among the poorest in London. So the Shard seems a symbol of the division in society between the very wealthy and the poverty-stricken.

The Shard now dominates the London skyline. It is not certain, however, that ordinary London citizens will ever accept it as a valuable addition to the city.

21.	London's newest skys	craper is called the Sha	ard because of	_·	
	A. its designer	B. its importance	C. its shape	D. its height	
22. When he designed the Shard, Piano's motive was to?					
	A. change London's skyline		B. inherit London's tradition		
	C. imitate the Egyptian style		D. attract potential tourists		
23.	3. The critics who refer to social division think that the Shard				
	A. is mainly preferred	by the wealthy	B. is intended for the	wealthy	
	C. is far away from the	e poor areas	D. is only popular wit	th Londoners	
24.	Which would be the best title for the passage?				
	A. The Shard: Cheers	and Claps	B. The Shard: Work	of a Great Architect	
	C. The Shard: New Sy	mbol of London?	D. The Shard: A Char	nge for the Better?	
			В		

Sanibel Island Vacation Rentals

Sanibel Island lodgings(租住的房间) are very diverse, ranging from single family homes to condominiums(公寓), cottages, motels and vacation resorts. Although the selection is large, you should make your reservations as early as possible. We urge you to make your reservations 90 to 180 days in advance, for Sanibel Island is protected by a land use plan that limits the available living units. The sandy beaches are true drawing cards, as are the theaters, shops and restaurants.

Captiva Island Vacation Rentals

Captiva Island is much smaller than Sanibel Island and therefore vacation accommodations are fewer. However, the resorts and condominiums available are excellent. We encourage you to take a tour of each of the Captiva vacation rentals and get a better idea of how wonderful they are. On clear nights the skies are perfect for starwatching and the quiet of Captiva Island will entrance you. It is a unique vacation paradise(乐园).

Contact Us

Contact Us with any questions. Lodgings on Sanibel and Captiva Island Florida are as close as your telephone. We take advantage of over 50 rental agencies, on-site rental offices as well as private condominium and single family homeowners. Whatever type of vacation accommodations you need, we'll make every effort to find that perfect Florida vacation rental for you.

For little more than the cost of a motel room you can stay in a fully appointed condominium apartment—a home away from home where you can totally enjoy all that the islands have to offer. In the winter season (December 18th—April 29th) all reservations run Saturday to Sunday. In the summer season (April 30th—December 17th) arrival and departure dates can start any day of the week and a 7-night minimum stay is required at all condominiums.

Please Note: We answer all requests that are in by 4 pm the same day. If you do not see a response from us, please check your e-mail or dial our 800 number.

Toll Free Numbers: (800) 794-3107, (239) 472-5021. Fax: (239) 437-7543.

- 25. What do we know from Paragraph 1?
 - A. There is a lot of free land at Sanibel Island.
 - B. The business at Sanibel Island is developing fast.

- C. Tourists have various lodging choices at Sanibel Island.
- D. Tourists can make reservations only 90 days in advance.
- 26. The underlined word "entrance" in Paragraph 2 can be replaced by "_____".
 - A. attract
- B. charge
- C. protect
- D. frighten
- 27. Which of the following ways is recommended for tourists to contact Sanibel and Captiva?
 - A. Sending an email.
- B. Giving a call.
- C. Posting a letter.
- D. Sending a fax.
- 28. What can be inferred about Sanibel and Captiva from the passage?
 - A. In winter tourists can only make reservations on Saturdays.
 - B. Tourists usually stay on the two islands for seven days.
 - C. It could cost tourists a lot of money to travel there.
 - D. People may not get response on the same day if they contact them at 5 pm.

C

Great country life in Walden(瓦尔登湖)

Walden, or Life in the Woods, Henry Thoreau's most famous work, is popular with people who want a kind of peaceful life in modern society. He spent two years and two months in the woods of Walden. The following is one of his experiences.

"As I drew a still fresher soil about the rows with my hoe (锄头), I disturbed the ashes of unrecorded nations who in ancient years lived under these heavens…When my hoe tinkled (发出叮当声) against the stones, that music echoed to the woods and the sky, and was an accompaniment to my labor to the woods and the sky, and was an immeasurable crop. It was no longer the beans that I hoed, nor I that hoed beans; and I remembered with as much pity as pride, if I remembered at all, my acquaintances who had gone to the city to attend the operas.

The nighthawk (夜鹰) hovered overhead in the sunny afternoons—for I sometimes made a day of it—like a small thing in the eye, or in heaven's eye, falling from time to time with a swoop and a sound as if the heavens were rent...

Small birds that fill the air and lay their eggs on the ground on bare sand or rocks on the top of hills, where few have found them, are graceful and slender like ripples caught up from the pond, as leaves are raised by the wind to float in the heavens...

Or sometimes I watched a pair of hen-hawks circling high in the sky, alternately soaring and descending, approaching, and leaving one another, as if they were the expression of my thoughts.

Or I was attracted by the passage of wild pigeons from this wood to that, with a slight shaking windowing sound and carrier haste...

When I paused to lean on my hoe, these sounds and sights I heard and saw were anywhere in the row, a part of the great entertainment which the country offers."

- 29. Music echoed to the woods and the sky when_____.
 - A. the friends went to attend the operas
 - B. Thoreau remembered as much pity as pride
 - C. something accompanied to Thoreau's labour
 - D. the hoe touched the stones in the fields
- 30. Which of the following is true?
 - A. Thoreau shows his enjoyment of labour by describing country life.
 - B. Thoreau develops a strong sense of music through labour in the fields.
 - C. Thoreau loves birds more than other animals in the country.
 - D. The description of hen-hawks shows Thoreau's desire for freedom.

- 31. What does the writer intend to tell us?
 - A. Peaceful life in modern society is what he longs for.
 - B. Healthy life depends on your labour in the fields.
 - C. Grand thoughts come from your observation of nature.
 - D. Great entertainment lies in the country fields.

D

For those who are tired doing the laundry, Samsung has found an answer: a washing machine that can tell you when your laundry is done via a smartphone app(application).

Strange though it may seem—"my wife already does that" was a common response among attendees viewing the device when it was introduced at the Consumer Electronics Show (CES) this week —Samsung is just one of many appliance makers racing to install (安装) a large number of internet-connected features in machines in an effort to make them "smart".

Last year, it was a refrigerator that tweeted(发出鸣叫). This year, it's Wi-Fi-enabled laundry machines and fridges that can tell you when your groceries are going bad.

The washers and dryers, available starting in the spring, connect to any smartphone through a downloadable application. The phone can then be used as a remote control, so the machines can be turned on and off while their owners are at work or on the bus.

Samsung says it's not just something new—the app connection actually has some practical uses.

"If you started to dry clothes in the morning and forgot to take them out, you can go to your phone and restart your dryer for the time when you come home, so your clothes are refreshed and ready to go," said spokesperson Amy Schmidt.

The company also says that with electricity rate (电价)varying depending on the time of day, more control over when the machines are used can help save money.

Perhaps, but what they will probably really accomplish is what all good technologies do—enable laziness. Rather than getting up to check on whether the laundry is done, users will monitor it on their phones while watching TV.

- 32. What can be inferred from the common response of the attendees at the CES?
 - A. The machine will be a big success.
 - B. Their wives like doing the laundry.
 - C. They are still not ready to accept such advanced technology.
 - D. This kind of technology is familiar to them.
- 33. What can we learn about the new laundry machines?
 - A. They can tell you when your clothes need washing.
 - B. They can be controlled with a smartphone.
 - C. They are difficult to operate.
 - D. They are sold at a low price.
- 34. We can conclude from Samsung's statements that _____.
 - A. the app connection makes life easier
 - B. it is better to dry clothes in the morning
 - C. smartphone can shorten the drying time
 - D. we should refresh clothes back at home
- 35. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?
 - A. The laundry should be frequently checked.

- B. Lazy people like using such machines.
- C. Good technologies also cause problems.
- D. Television may help do the laundry.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Life comes in a package. This package includes happiness and sorrow, failure and success, hope and despair. 36 Experiences in life teach us new lessons and make us a better person. With each passing day we learn to handle various situations.

Love

Love plays a vital role in our life. Love makes you feel wanted. In the early stage of our life, our parents are the ones who shower us with unconditional love and care. 37 But we always tend to take this for granted. It is only after marriage and having kids that a person understands and becomes sensitive to others' feelings.

Happiness and Sorrow

Materialistic happiness is short-lived, but happiness achieved by bringing a smile on others' face gives a certain level of fulfillment. Peace of mind is the main link to happiness. <u>38</u> We realize the true worth of happiness when we are in sorrow due to death of a loved one, failure and despair.

Failure and Success

Failure is the path to success. It helps us to touch the sky, teaches us to survive and shows us a specific way. 39 The only way to show our gratitude for success on us is by being humble, modest, courteous and respectful to the less fortunate ones.

Hope and Despair

Hope is what keeps life going. Hope makes us dream. Hope builds in patience. Life teaches us not to despair even in the darkest hour, because after every night there is a day.

Life teaches us not to regret over yesterday, for it has passed and is beyond our control.

40 So the only alternative is work hard today, so that we will enjoy a better tomorrow.

- A. They teach us about what is right and wrong, good and bad.
- B. Life is a learning process.
- C. Success brings in money, fame, pride and self-respect.
- D. No mind is happy without peace.
- E. Parents always hope their children will do well.
- F. Tomorrow is unknown, for it could either be bright or dull.
- G. Kids make a person responsible and mature and help us to understand life better.

第三部分:英语知识运用 (共两节,满分45分)

第一节 完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I have been home with Stardi, who lives opposite the schoolhouse; and I really 41 a feeling of envy at the 42 of his library.

He is not at all rich, and he cannot buy many books; but he preserves his schoolbooks with great <u>43</u>, as well as those which his relatives give him. He lays aside every coin that is given to him, and <u>44</u> it at the bookseller's. In this way he has <u>45</u> a little library. When his father understood that he had this passion, he bought him a <u>46</u> bookcase of walnut wood,

with a green curtain. Thus when he draws a little cord, the green curtain runs aside, the three rows of books of every color become visible, all __47__ in order, and shining, with gilt titles on their backs, —books of tales, of travels, and of poetry; and some illustrated (有插图的) ones. Viewed from a __48__, they make a very fine appearance; and he __49__ himself by varying the combinations. He has made himself a catalogue. He is like a librarian. He is always standing near his books, dusting them, turning over the leaves and examining the bindings. It is a __50__ for him to polish off every new book that he buys. He showed me __51__ else for a whole hour. His eyes were troubling him, because he had read too much.

I do not know why I did not dare to joke with him; it did not seem <u>52</u> to me that he was only a year older than myself. When he said to me, "Farewell <u>53</u> we meet again," at the door, I came very near replying to him, "I salute (致敬) you, sir," as to a man.

I told my father afterwards, at home: "I don't <u>54</u> it. Stardi has no natural <u>55</u>, he has not fine manners, and his face is almost ridiculous; yet he <u>56</u> ideas to me." And I <u>57</u>, "During the hour that I spent with him he did not utter fifty words, he did not show me a <u>58</u> plaything, he did not laugh once; yet I liked to go there." And my father answered, "It is <u>59</u> he has character. An extraordinary <u>60</u> he is."

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41. A. experienced	B. expected	C. expanded	D. expressed
42. A. sight	B. scenery	C. view	D. scene
43. A. career	B. care	C. cafe	D. case
44. A. purchases	B. affords	C. spends	D. costs
45. A. exchanged	B. invented	C. explored	D. collected
46. A. amazing	B. handsome	C. strange	D. similar
47. A. situated	B. ranged	C. located	D. developed
48. A. condition	B. position	C. distance	D. situation
49. A. amazes	B. warns	C. improves	D. amuses
50. A. festival	B. trouble	C. surprise	D. fun
51. A. something	B. everything	C. nothing	D. anything
52. A. different	B. obvious	C. correct	D. true
53. A. when	B. while	C. until	D. after
54. A. admit	B. understand	C. make	D. realize
55. A. talent	B. energy	C. advantage	D. courage
56. A. shows	B. requires	C. supports	D. suggests
57. A. predicted	B. concluded	C. discovered	D. added
58. A. simple	B. single	C. special	D. serious
59. A. since	B. for	C. because	D. as
60. A. soul	B. host	C. classmate	D. celebrity
*** / L		`	

第二节: (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(不多于3个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式, 并将答案填写在答题卡相应的位置上。

As a working mother with three young sons, keeping the house clean is a big challenge. Even <u>61</u> we clean the house every week, one hour later our bedrooms and bathrooms are back to their messy look. When <u>62</u> (ask), my boys will help neaten their rooms, clear their plates from the table and pick up their school junk. But I need to remind them <u>63</u> it again and again.

If I don't remind them, I will step over all the things 64 make my house look like a

garbage can. This is quite <u>65</u> change from my previous years when I never left any waste in the house. <u>66</u> seems that I cannot get these days back at my own house.

When last week I <u>67</u> (find) a program called "Share a Healthy Habit" on a newspaper, I saw a great chance to engage my sons in cleaning chores. Why not encourage these behaviors during the summer, while school is out and their life is relaxing?

The goal for my boys is <u>68</u> (clean) their own dorm room <u>69</u> themselves when they are free. The rewards for clean habits start young and continue as they get <u>70</u> (old), so I need to start my plan as soon as possible.

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节:短文改错(共10小题,每小题1分,满分10分)

短文改错中共有10处错误,每行中最多两处错误。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除和修改。

增加: 在此处加一个漏字符号(人),并在下面写出增加的词;

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉;

修改: 在错的词下划一横线,并在其下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词。

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从十一处起)不计分。

I'm very grateful to my parents. They not only gave me life, but also brought me up with endless love and support, feel so proud of my every improvements. I still remembered once I was seriously ill. They were so worrying and almost kept me company the whole night. Now I'm Grade 3. Lucky for me, my parents can understand my stressful condition but often communicate with me with encouraging words. Furthermore, they give me enough personal space, which I appreciate it so much.

What I should do now are study hard. When I grow up, I will became an useful person and make my parents live a happy life.

第二节: 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假设你是李华,你的英国朋友 Tom 要到你校任教。为了方便,打算在学校附近租房子, 所以发邮件向你咨询合适的房子。请你根据下面提供的信息回复邮件。

房子地点:新街口北大街

面积布局: 2层,70m²,朝南,一室,一厅。家具齐全。

环境交通: 小区优美、安静; 附近有健身房; 购物、交通便利。

每月房租: 4,500 元

联系电话: 15382649512

注意: 1. 词数: 100 左右

2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Iom,		

Yours, Li Hua