
2016~2017 学年教学质量检测

高二·英语

2017.1

(本试卷共 10 页, 满分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。)

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 20 分)

第一节 听力理解 (共 6 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 12 分)

材料及问题播放 2 遍, 每段后有两个小题, 各段播放前有 5 秒钟的阅读时间, 请根据各段播放内容及相关小题的问题, 在 5 秒钟内从题中所给的 A/B/C 项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

听第一段材料, 回答第 1-2 小题, 材料读两遍。

() 1. Question 1: (录音)

- A. By staying up late. B. By listening to the radio. C. By surfing the Internet.

() 2. Question 2: (录音)

- A. A good way to learn English. B. A British radio website. C. Some English programmes.

听第二段材料, 回答第 3-4 题。材料读两遍。

() 3. Question 3: (录音)

- A. Going shopping. B. Going camping. C. Going boating.

() 4. Question 4: (录音)

- A. Visit his friends. B. Watch DVDs. C. Join the woman.

听第三段材料, 回答第 5-6 题。材料读两遍。

() 5. Question 5: (录音)

- A. To help the local business.
B. To increase the local population.
C. To increase the local employment.

() 6. Question 6: (录音)

- A. Set up a new company.
B. Hire more managers.
C. Improve his quality of life.

第二节 回答问题 (共 4 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 8 分)

7. Where does the yearly walk for charity start?

8. What will the money be used for?

9. Who will offer help along the road?

10. How often will the bus leave?

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

New Exhibitions of Contemporary Art is the UK's most widely used and trusted art resource. Here is the monthly guide with accurate and timely information.

Heather Mccalden | Easy Listening Dusk (Dec 7 - Jan 12)

This show is intended to create very specific feelings. The view will have actual feelings and thoughts when they walk out the door. It aims to make people aware of their hearts and brains.

Kate Shepherd + Allyson Strafella: Recent Works (Oct 4 - Dec 17)

Bartha Contemporary is delighted to present an exhibition of recent works by Kate Shepherd and Allyson Strafella. The show will present paintings and works on paper by two American artists sharing an interest in colour, space and movement.

Shi Rongqiang: Ink: Speak (Friday only, Sep 14 - Sep 30)

Shi Rongqiang is a Chinese ink painter whose technique is representative of traditional Chinese ink painting but whose style and subject show human relationships and the changing role of the individual within society. Located in West Kensington, London, Arthill Gallery.

Imperfect Reverse(反转) (Oct 18 - Nov 18)

Bringing together the work of artists from the 1960s and 70s Systems Group, to younger artists working today, this exhibition tries to show the idea of an imperfect reverse.

Pulse Miami Beach (Dec 1 - 4, Private view, Wed, Nov 30, 10 am - 1pm)

Fiumano Projects will be presenting a solo booth by British Artist Sam Burford. Only limited tickets available. Please contact the gallery to apply for it.

() 11. Which activity lets you know more about yourself?

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Easy Listening Dusk. | B. Imperfect Reverse. |
| C. Recent Works. | D. Pulse Miami Beach. |

() 12. When can you go to enjoy some Chinese ink paintings?

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. Friday, Sep. 4 th | B. Friday, Sep. 22 nd |
| C. Saturday, Sep. 23 rd | D. Saturday, Sep. 14 th |

() 13. Whose works require application before we go for them?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| A. Kate and Allyson's | B. Shi Rongqiang's |
| C. Systems Group's | D. Sam Burford's |

B

Shelly Stalls is a stupid donkey who says one thing to one person but the opposite to another. Now that we're in junior high, she's undoubtedly queen of small talks, but even back in elementary school she knew how to put on a performance. Especially when it came to P.E. I never once saw her run laps or do warm-ups. Instead, she would go into her "weak" act, claiming her body would absolutely be ruined from sports if she ran or jumped.

It worked. Every year, she'd bring in some note and be sure to faint(晕倒) a little in front of the teacher the first few days of the year, after which didn't need to do anything that required muscles. She never even put up her own chair at the end of the day. How weak. The only muscles she exercised regularly were the ones around her mouth, and those she worked out nonstop. If there was an Olympic contest for talking. Shelly Stalls would sweep the event. Well, she'd at least win the gold and silver--one medal for each side of her mouth.

My solution to Shelly Stalls was to ignore her, which worked all the way until I saw her holding hands with Bryce.

My Bryce. How could Shelly have put her hand into his? I rushed over and pushed her off him in two seconds but she came at me, dragging and pulling and twisting anything she could get her hands on, telling me that Bryce was hers and there was no way she was letting him go.

I was hoping for teachers to appear so they could see the real Shelly Stalls in action, but it was too late by the time anyone arrived on the scene.

() 14. How does the writer think of Shelly's faint in P.E. Class?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. Her health was ruined. | B. She performed a play. |
| C. She just didn't like the teacher. | D. She pretended to be like that. |

() 15. What does Shelly like doing most according to the writer?

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| A. Watching Olympics. | B. Exercising muscles. |
| C. Talking nonstop. | D. Escaping PE class. |

() 16. Why did the writer push Shelly off Bryce?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. Bryce asked her for help. | B. The writer cared for Bryce. |
| C. She wanted to fight with Shelly. | D. She thought Shelly was weak. |

() 17. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. Shelly kept on fighting with the writer. | B. The writer was punished by her teacher. |
| C. The real Shelly wasn't seen by teachers. | D. The writer was seriously injured by Shelly. |

Two people, father an son, who had lived in total isolation (隔离) from society for 40 years in a remote jungle in central Vietnam have been brought back to normal life. To survive, they ate fruits, manioc(树薯) and corn and only had cloths made of tree barks(皮). They even built a tree house.

Being very surprised by abnormal appearances, gestures and manners of the “jungle men”, these people reported their finding to the local government, who set up a team to look for them, and after five hours of search in the forest, caught the father and son staying in a small hut built on some branches of a large tree.

After carrying out an investigation into the men's identity, they found that Thanh once lived a normal life with his family at a local village 40 years ago. But one day at that time, a bombing happened in the village, killing Thanh's mother and three of his four children on the spot. It is suspected that due to the shock, Thanh took his remaining son, 2 years old at the time, and ran away into this jungle. He and the son, now Ho Van Lang, had since lived their lonely life, without contact with anyone. Their daily foods were fruits and manioc they found in the forest. It is believed that they also planted corn for food.

() 18. Which best describes the father and the son when they were found?

- () 19. What probably made the father run to live in the jungle?

- () 20. What can we know about the father and the son's life in the jungle?

- () 21. What is the purpose of the passage?

-
- A.To show how to help isolated people.
forest.
C. To talk about terrible influence of war.
others.

- B. To report two men found in a
forest.
D. To persuade people to help
others.

D

A British study showed that young men in the United Kingdom have grown by 10 centimeters since the turn of the 20th century.

In the study, the average height of British men, who had an average age of 20, was about 168 centimeters at the turn of the century, whereas now they stand on average at about 178 cm. The increase is most likely related to improved nutrition and health services, said the researchers from the University of Essex in Colechester(科尔切斯特).

In a number of other developed countries, people have been growing taller, too, reaching the world's current greatest average height of 1.85 meters in the Netherlands. Interestingly, Americans were the tallest people in the world by World War II, measuring 1.77meters, but by the end of the 20th century, they fell behind, and the average U.S. Has stopped rising.

And even in some of those countries where the average height has been rising, the increase has not been uniform. For instance, after years of communist rule, people from former East Germany are still catching up height-rise with former West Germans. And in some non-Western countries that have been bothered by war, disease and other serious problems, average height has decreased at one point in time or another. For instance, there was a decline in the average height among blacks in South Africa between the end of the 19th century and 1970. The decline was likely related to the effects of poor socio -economic conditions before and during apartheid (种族隔离).

The generation- after- generation effects of something bad that happened to a mother gets carried on to her children and her grandchildren, and it takes about five generations to overcome just one generation of starvation, or epidemic illness, or something like that.

() 22. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. People have grown taller.
rise.
C. How different are people?
people?
- B. The reason for height
rise.
D. Who are the tallest
people?

() 23. What probably caused British men's height increase according to the study?

- A. Their birthplace.
Better nutrition
- B. Their young age.
- C. More rest time.
- D.

() 24. What does the underlined word "uniform" mean?

- A. Rapid
Important
- B. The same
- C. Obvious
- D.

() 25. What do we know about people's height rise according to the last two paragraph?

- A. People's height has stopped rising in Germany.
- B. There isn't height rise in non-Western countries.
- C. Height rise can probably be influenced by wars.
- D. People's height rise isn't related to their mothers.

第二节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多于选项。

Listed bellow are four of the top ten "unique New Year Traditions from Around the World".

Breaking Dishes on Neighbor's Door

A strange and weird Danish New Year tradition is throwing dishes at neighbor's door. 26
The family with the tallest tower of broken plates, glasses and cups is considered to be the luckiest person because it symbolized their large number of loyal friends.

Talking to Spirits

Talking to spirits is a part of Mexican belief. 27 New Year's Eve is considered the best time to communicate with dead spirits or ask them for guidance. And this is not done at home but is a legal Mexican practice. Taos Inn, for example, offers 15 minutes spiritualism (招魂) for \$15. 28

Burning Scarecrow(稻草人)

Educator has a unique custom of burning scarecrows at midnight. As midnight approaches, everyone gathers outside their home and each family burns their own scarecrow. 29
The scarecrow also scares away bad luck, which in turn, fills their new year with luck and happiness.

Placing Mistletoe Leaves under Pillow

The single women of Ireland wait desperately for the New Year's Eve. 30 They place mistletoe leaves under their pillow hoping to catch their future husband. It is also believed in the Irish culture this act will help them get rid of bad luck.

- A. That's not a bad price for some helpful guidance.
- B. They spend that night with their family happily.
- C. It is the night that can give them the love of their lives.
- D. Strangely, this makes them happy instead of annoying them.
- E. Communication plays a very important role in Mexican lives.
- F. They believe they can communicate with the souls of their dead loved ones.
- G. The tradition says this burns all the bad things that took place in the past years.

第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I first met Kyle as a freshman in high school. That day I saw him walking home from school and 31 lots of books. A group of running boys 32 all his books out of his arms. His 33 also went flying. As he looked up, I saw this terrible 34 in his eyes. When I jogged over and handed him his glasses, there was a big 35 on his face. Over the next few years, Kyle and I became best friends.

When Graduation Day came at last after four years, Kyle was chosen to give a 36 for graduation. He cleared his 37, and began his talk.

“Graduation is a time to 38 those who helped you make it through those 39 years. Being a friend to someone is the best 40 you can give them. I am going to tell you a story.”

I just looked at my friend with 41 as he told the story of the first day we met. He had planned to 42 himself over the weekend. He talked of how he had 43 his locker(寄存柜) so his Mom wouldn't have to do it 44. He looked hard at me and gave me a little smile.

“45 my friend saved me from committing suicide by chance.” The crowd were 46 as he told us all about his 47 moment. I saw this sunny boy's parents looking at me and smiling that same grateful smile. Not until that moment did I realize the 48 of my action.

Never underestimate(低估) the power of your 49. You do a small thing and you can 50 a person's life. For better or worse.

- () 31. A. leaving B. carrying C. reading D. bringing
- () 32. A. took B. kicked C. knocked D. got
- () 33. A. glasses B. books C. phone D. watch
- () 34. A. anger B. silence C. sadness D. disappointment
- () 35. A. scar B. laughter C. surprise D. smile
- () 36. A. lecture B. performance C. gift D. speech
- () 37. A. throat B. bag C. way D. memory
- () 38. A. praise B. miss C. admire D.

thank

() 39. A. meaningless B. beautiful C. tough D.

academic

() 40. A. service B. gift C. moment D.

honor

() 41. A. disagreement B. disbelief C. satisfaction D.

confidence

() 42. A. kill B. express C. enjoy D.

hide

() 43. A. filled B. opened C. cleared D.

fixed

() 44. A. sooner B. later C. then D.

first

() 45. A. Immediately B. Strangely C. Clearly D.

Fortunately.

() 46. A. shocked B. confused C. relieved D.

excited

() 47. A. greatest B. weakest C. latest D.

scariest

() 48. A. importance B. purpose C. possibility D.

difficulty

() 49. A. words B. intelligence C. encouragement D.

actions

() 50. A. experience B. understand C. Change D.

discover

第二节 语法填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下列材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Barletta, a small town in Italy, had a giant statue of a boy, which was in 51 town square. Barletta was a peaceful town. Everyone thought that it 52 (be) peaceful forever.

One day, the people heard that an army was coming 53 (destroy) Barletta. The people had no way to protect 54 (they). The oldest woman in town, Zia Concetta, began to talk 55 her friend, the giant statue. She hoped he could help. And that is 56 he did.

Zia Concetta made a 57 (decide) to save the town and made a plan. Everyone hid. The giant went to sit three miles outside the town. He held pieces of an onion close to his 58 (eye). When the army came, they saw a giant boy crying, 59 (sit)

in a puddle of tears. The giant told the captain of the army that he was sad because he was too small to play with the other boys of the town. This scared the army.

If the boys were so big, the men must be much 60 (big). The army ran away. The giant went back to his spot in the town square. The town was peaceful again.

第四部分 词汇、句型与写作（共 45 分）

第一节 词汇基础（每空 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

根据下列各句句意及所给单词的首字母或汉语提示，用单词的恰当形式填空，并把完整单词填写在答题卡相应的位置上。

61. He got a r_____ for his hard work. Now he has become a successful businessman.

62. We don't quite agree on this plan, and there has been an a_____ between us for three months.

63. Thank you for your e_____. It's absolutely clear to me now.

64. This pair of shoes is made of a new m_____, which gets dry quickly in rainy days.

65. He has already made up his mind, so it's impossible to p_____ him to give up.

66. After some delay, the library was _____ (正式地) opened last month.

67. The _____ (平均) price of goods has risen by almost 300% in the last 10 years.

68. No matter how his mother _____ (强调) the importance of learning, he just doesn't listen.

69. Excellent teachers always have their _____ (耐心) for their students.

70. He was happy to drive across the city for her _____ (方便).

第二节 单句改错（每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下列句子，修改句子中的错误。每个句子有 1 处错误，每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏子符号（^）并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线划掉（\）。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：每处错误及其修改均仅限一词。

71. It seems that university students always lack of money.

72. Mary was so exciting just because our team had won the football game.

73. They carried out the very successful experiment last week.

74. She is doing quite well in term of speaking English.

75. I saw this boy standing in front of the store cried.

76. These beautiful houses near the lake were all new built.

77. Now I feel necessary to work harder than before.

78. Tina's parents, as well as her sister, likes going to cinema on Sundays.

79. People may get fatter more easily without control their appetite.

80. I'll never forget the days during that we visited different villages in the country.

第三节 书面表达 (满分 20 分)

假定你是李华，请给美国笔友 Maria，介绍你校最近举行的体艺节（Sports and Art Carnival），包含如下要点：

1. 写信目的;
2. 活动介绍 (时间, 内容, 效果等);
3. 你的感想。

注意：

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
3. 开头和结束语已为你写好, 不计入总词数。

[illegible]

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高二·英语

参考答案

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节 听力理解（共 6 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 12 分）

1-6: BACBAC

第二节 回答问题（共 4 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 8 分）

7. (from) Garden Street

8. Building/ To build a children's bookshop

9. (The) volunteers

10. Every half hour

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节 （共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

11-15: ABDDC

16-20: BCDBA

21-25: BADBC

第二节 （共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

26-30: DFAGC

第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

31-35: BCACD

36-40: DADCB

41-45: BACBD

46-50: ABADC

第二节 语法填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

51. the

52. would be

53. to destroy

54. themselves

55. to/ with

56. what

57. decision

58. eyes

59. sitting

60. bigger

第四部分 词汇、句型与写作（共 45 分）

第一节 词汇基础（每空 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

61. reward

62. argument

63. explanation(s)

64. material

65. persuade

66. officially

67. average

68. emphasise/ emphasize

69. patience

70. convenience

第二节 单句改错（每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

71. It seems that university students always lack ~~of~~ money.
excited
72. Mary was so exciting just because our team had won the football game.
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73. They carried out the very successful experiment last week.
a
74. She is doing quite well in term of speaking English.
terms
75. I saw this boy standing in front of the store cried.
crying
76. These beautiful houses near the lake were all new built.
newly
77. Now I feel \wedge necessary to work harder than before.
it
78. Tina's parents, as well as her sister, likes going to cinema on Sundays.
like/liked
79. People may get fatter more easily without control their appetite.
controlling
80. I'll never forget the days during that we visited different villages in the country.
which

第三节 书面表达（满分 20 分）

略