2014-2015 学年度上学期期末考试高一年级英语科试卷

满分: 150 分 时间: 120 分钟

第1卷(选择题 共100分)

第一部分 听力 (共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上,录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的 答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共5小题)

听下面 5 段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出 最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答 有关小题和阅读下一小题,每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15 B. £9.18 C. £9.15

答案是 C

1. Where does the conversation take place?

A. In the library.

B. In the restaurant.

C. In the shop.

2. Where did the woman stay last night?

A. At Evergreen Hotel.

B. At Walden.

C. At Cambridge Hotel.

3. What does the man mean?

A. He will go himself.

B. He will go with the woman.

C. He won't go.

4. Who made the man's room tidy?

A. The man himself.

B. His mother.

C. His assistant.

5. Who can't come to the appointment?

A. Ms Wang.

B. Mr. Smith.

C. Mr. Johnson.

第二节 (共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分) 听下面5段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三 个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6至8题。

6. Why is the man at the library?

- A. To study.
- B. To look for a friend.
- C. To borrow some books.
- 7. How long does the woman work every week?
 - A. 14 hours.
 - B. 30 hours.

C. 40 hours.

- 8. What can we learn from the conversation?
 - A. The woman is doing a part-time job.
 - B. The woman usually reviews her lessons in the morning.
 - C. The speakers will watch a movie after the conversation.

听第7段材料,回答第9至11题。

- 9. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
 - A. Good friends.
 - B. Husband and wife.
 - C. Boyfriend and girlfriend.
- 10. Why does the man leave?
 - A. To meet a customer.
 - B. To start business.
 - C. To attend a conference.
- 11. What is the woman doing?
 - A. Visiting the man.
 - B. Discussing about a friend with the man
 - C. Saying goodbye to the man
- 听第8段材料,回答第12至14题。
- 12. What are the two speakers talking about?
 - A. Satellites.
 - B. TV program.
 - C. Radio program.
- 13. How many types of satellites are mentioned in the conversation?
 - A. Two.
 - B. Three.
 - C. Four.
- 14. How can satellites be sent up into space?
 - A. By satellites themselves.

B. By rockets.

C. By flying.

- 听第9段材料,回答第15至17题。
- 15. What will the speakers do for Gerald's birthday?
 - A. Hold a dancing party.
 - B. Hold a disguise party.
 - C. Hold a dinner party.
- 16. Where will the party be held?
 - A. At Gerald's place.
 - B. At the speakers' place.
 - C. At a restaurant.
- 17. What will surprise Gerald according to the man?
 - A. Delicious food
 - B. The woman's gift.
 - C. The woman's joining.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

- 18. What will the listeners do?
 - A. Go hiking.
 - B. Go camping.
 - C. Go sightseeing.

19. Which of the following is NOT among the items mentioned by the speaker?

- A. Stove.
- B. Map.
- C. Warm coat.
- 20. What should be taken into consideration when choosing items?
 - A. Quality and fashion.
 - B. Weight and quality.
 - C. Materials and design.

第二部分:阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

No two cultures are the same. The American and Indian cultures have very vast differences between them. While the culture of America is a mixture of different cultures, the Indian culture is unique and has its own values.

One of the major differences that can be seen between American and Indian culture is in family relations. While the Indians are very much family oriented, the Americans are individual oriented. In Indian culture, the family values are given more importance than the individual values. Indians respect family values. On the other hand, in American culture the individual values get more importance than the family values.

In another sense, it can be said that the American culture is more goal oriented and the Indian culture is more people or family oriented. Indians may even <u>forsake</u> their individual wishes and also happiness for the sake of families. But in American culture, this trend cannot be seen.

Unlike the Indians, the Americans plan things ahead. The Americans believe in controlling nature and controlling the world around them. On the contrary, Indians believe in harmony with nature. Another difference that can be seen between Indian culture and American culture is that the Indians love stability while the Americans love mobility.

In American culture, one can see that the individuals think of independence. On the other hand, Indians are more dependent on others. While the children in the US are brought up to live an independent life, the children in India are not brought up in that way. In Indian culture, there is respect for the elders and it is they who make decisions. But in American culture, each individual makes his own decisions.

Coming to competition, Indians are more competitive than the Americans. Coming to work nature, the Indians work for meeting the family needs. On the contrary, an American will only strive to rise on his own capacity (能力). Another difference that can be seen is that Americans have a great regard for time and its value. But Indians are different.

21. From Paragraph 2, we know that compared to Americans, Indians _____.

- A. pay more attention to themselves
- B. are more committed to(担负责任) their families
- C. attach less importance to their culture
- D. don't value so many things in their life
- 22. What does the underlined word "forsake" in Paragraph 3 mean?
 - A. give up B. show off
 - C. expose something to D. take up

23. What is implied about children in India?

A. They often struggle to become independent.

- B. They usually don't show much respect to the elderly.
- C. They are usually not encouraged to make decisions.
- D. They are taught to depend on themselves from an early age.
- 24. What's the writer's purpose in writing the passage?
 - A. To help us become interested in different cultures in the world.
 - B. To prove that American culture is a mixture of different cultures.
 - C. To explain why Indian culture is different from American culture.
 - D. To compare the differences between Indian and American cultures.

В

How many times have you been reading an online article in English only to discover that you don't know the exact meaning of an important word? Or how many times have you been writing an essay in English only to find you don't have the exact word you are looking for to express yourself completely? If you have ever faced either of these situations, you should consider downloading the free dictionary, WordWeb.

The first step in downloading WordWeb is navigating to the download website, where you will find the latest version and see that over 9,000,000 people have downloaded WordWeb.

The second step in downloading WordWeb is clicking "Download Now". Then, a pop-up screen will provide you with a destination for the file. Unless you already have a directory where you store all your downloaded files, I recommend saving the file to the desktop. On a phone line connection, this download process may take half an hour, but with a good connection on campus, it will take only a few minutes.

The third step is setting it up. After the download completes, just find the file on our desktop and double-click it. You will have several options in the installation(安装) process. One important option is whether you want WordWeb to load into your system tray (盘) when you start your computer. I recommend that you answer "yes" to this option, so when you use WordWeb, the dictionary will appear instantly. Setting up WordWeb is easy. You should experiment with the variety of options until you are satisfied with your WordWeb.

In sum, WordWeb is an excellent dictionary. If you navigate to the download site, download the file, and install it exactly as I have described, you will have an excellent, free dictionary on your computer. This means that you will never have problems again reading or writing in English because of an unknown word.

25. What can be inferred from Paragraph 2?

A. WordWeb is well received.

- B. There is a download limit.
- C. Sometimes the website is busy.
- D. Only the latest version is available.

26. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is true?

A. The download process will just take several minutes with a good connection on

campus.

- B. We should download WordWeb if we don't have the exact sentence to express ourselves.
- C. We will have only one choice when we install WordWeb.
- D. WordWeb is a very cheap dictionary.
- 27. If you have installed WordWeb on your computer, you_____.
 - A. can read any online article for free
 - B. will have no trouble in learning English
 - C. will express yourself properly in English
 - D. can find the exact meaning of a word easily

С

<u>Camping without a campfire is not camping at all.</u> Late-night conversations and games around the campfire are essential for a pleasant camping experience. However, you ought to be aware of the fact that camping with a campfire is not all about fun. It needs a certain degree of responsibility. If you are planning to set up a campfire, or if you are planning to cook during camping , you should remember some fire safety tips.

Choose a campsite which has a campfire pit (深坑). This will ensure that you will be capable of controlling your campfire. If there is no fire pit, set up your own. However, you should be careful not to place the fire pit near your camping tent.

When you set up a campfire, make sure that you put the campfire materials in the right order. This can help you make sure that there will be no flying debris (碎片) once you light your fire. Put the light materials first such as paper or dry leaves. Then, put the wood. Finally, make sure that you place stones around the campfire pit.

Never burn plastics or other poisonous materials, which will disturb your neighboring campground guests. <u>It</u> will also significantly pollute the air and promote the risk of fire spreads. Do not use petrol every time you attempt to light your campfire. Use it only when all the other fire-making options fail.

Once your campfire is set up, do not leave the flame unattended. Before you leave your campsite or before you go to bed, make sure that your campfire is completely out. Leaving fire unattended runs high risks of forest fires and the like.

28. The underlined sentence in the first paragraph implies_____.

A. camping with a campfire is all about fun

- B. it is perfect to go camping without a campfire
- C. a campfire is the most important thing when camping
- D. a campfire may light the camp and be used for cooking
- 29. Paper or dry leaves must be put under wood, so you can _____.A. light a campfire easily

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- B. make wood and dry leaves burn easily
- C. have them burnt completely and effectively
- D. prevent them from flying away from the fire pit
- 30. What does the underlined word "it" in Paragraph 4 refer to?
 - A. Promoting the risk of fire spreads.
 - B. Burning plastics or other poisonous materials.
 - C. Disturbing your neighboring campground guests.
 - D. Never burning plastics or other poisonous materials.
- 31. What would be the best tittle for the text?
 - A. Dangerous campfires.
 - B. Beautiful campfires.
 - C. Fire safety tips during camping.
 - D. Pleasant camping experiences.

D

There was some trouble in space over the weekend. On Thursday May 9, flakes of frozen ammonia (氨) were seen drifting from the International Space Station(ISS). The team on board immediately prepared for a spacewalk to look into the issue. Two days later, on Saturday, two astronauts stepped outside the ISS to investigate (调查) the leak. The chief suspect was an old ammonia pump.

Thomas Marshburn and Christopher Cassidy conducted the search, but did not discover any visible damage. "All the pipes look shiny clean," Cassidy reported as he used a mirror to peer into the tight, deep openings. Even so, the astronauts removed the old pump and replaced it with a new one.

Ammonia is used on the ISS to cool the spacecraft's electronic equipment. NASA said this leak did not pose a safety threat to the six space station residents (常驻居民). But problems with the cooling system could threaten experiments and equipment.

It is still not clear why exactly the leak erupted(喷发). NASA speculates (推测) that a microscopic piece of space matter struck the space station, leaving a tiny crack in the ammonia pump. Another possibility is that there was simply a leaky seal in the pipe. Either way, "there's nothing to lose by putting in a fresh pump and pressing ahead with additional detective work," said Mission Control.

The ISS was launched into orbit in 1998. Since 2000, a crew of astronauts and scientists has continuously occupied it. While in orbit, the international team of astronauts could perform scientific research and data about conditions in the Milky Way and beyond. Many of their experiments focus on humans' ability to live and work in space over long periods of time.

NASA astronauts Tom Marshburn and Chris Cassidy completed the May 11 spacewalk in 5 hours and 30 minutes. While these astronauts have performed some amazing tasks, NASA

has never before staged a spacewalk so quickly. Marshburn has been on the space station since December, and Cassidy is a new arrival to the ISS. While the leaky pump mystery continues to puzzle the ISS team, they hope further investigations will provide answers. "This type of event is what the years of training were for," space station commander Chris Hadfield said on Friday.

- 32. From Paragraph 2 we learn that _____
 - A. it is impossible to peer into deep openings
 - B. it is very difficult to replace a pump
 - C. it was not easy to find the damage
 - D. some pipes have become too old
- 33. What is the main use for ammonia on the ISS?
 - A. To prevent astronauts on the ISS from feeling too hot.
 - B. To prevent pumps on the ISS from getting old quickly.
 - C. To help astronauts stay safe when there is damage to the space station.
 - D. To prevent the spacecraft's electronic equipment from becoming too hot.
- 34. It is implied in Paragraph 4 that Mission Control
 - A. thinks changing the pump is necessary
 - B. wants to keep the cause of the problem secret
 - C. is sure that the space station has been struck
 - D. no longer wants to find out the cause of the problem
- 35. What does the last paragraph suggest about the recent spacewalk?
 - A. It took too much time.
 - B. It was really dangerous.
 - C. It was quite satisfactory.
 - D. It wasn't amazing enough.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余 选项。

Ways to spend more time together

August is Family Fun Month! For many of today's work-focused families, it may come as a surprise that spending regular, quality time together is one of the best ways to improve your family's health and well-being. Here are a few simple, fun and creative tips on spending more quality time together.

<u>36</u> If work and activity schedules are making family time or meals together impossible, check to see if you can adjust or even remove some commitments. What can you change to make more time together? If evenings are out, what about making breakfast time or weekends the new family time?

Turn off the TV. Turning off the television or computers may be one of the best (and easiest) ways to improve your time together. ______ Movie nights can also be a fun and inexpensive way to spend time together, but try not to make sitting in front of the television your only family ritual (惯例) !

Volunteer together. <u>38</u> Is there a local soup kitchen, a special event or an animal shelter that can use your help? Check online for more ideas!

Make time for table talk. Mealtime is perfect for family conversation, so long as you're open to new topics! ______ Try using this time to engage your children in ideas that excite them and give yourself an opportunity to learn more about their other interests.

Read bedtime stories. It is perfect for one-to-one time. <u>40</u> Many experts suggest reading to your child for at least 20 minutes a day, even after kids can read themselves.

A. Check priorities (优先考虑的事).

B. Make the most of little opportunities.

C. As a family, discuss places where you can make a difference to others.

D. You can also make a recording that they can play in the morning.

E. Sometimes we don't want to talk about work or school after a long day.

F. Take turns reading aloud to one another, or just let your child listen to your voice.

G. Instead of sitting in front of the TV every night, try taking a walk or a bike ride together.

第三部分:英语知识运用 (共两节,满分45分)

第一节 完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分) 阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出可以填入空白处 的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

It was a Thursday morning. I was <u>41</u> for an important interview of EPC company.

As I <u>42</u> the advertised building, I saw a handbag lying on the ground. It looked like it might have <u>43</u> to a young girl. Thinking it might have been <u>44</u> and thrown aside, I picked it up. Maybe there were some <u>45</u> left that the owner still needed. But when I opened it, I found that the things seemed <u>46</u>.

The papers inside showed it belonged not to a young girl but to a middle-aged lady, who was planning to go abroad. Without the <u>47</u> in the handbag the woman would have to delay her <u>48</u>. I hesitated for a while and decided to <u>49</u> the handbag to her at once, without thinking it would <u>50</u> my interview. I tried to <u>51</u> her. However, her phone

number wasn't listed in the phone book. What should I do?

A prescription inside showed her <u>52</u> address. I called his office, hoping to have him contact his patient. <u>53</u> someone answered the phone, I was happy. <u>54</u>, it turned out he didn't have her phone number either. I decided to get to her <u>55</u> by taxi.

At last I found the <u>56</u> building. I rang the doorbell but nobody answered. I returned to the car to write a <u>57</u>, but then an old lady came out. She was so <u>58</u> that I returned her daughter's bag with nothing missing and she treated me to some coffee. I thanked her and explained I had to hurry for an interview of EPC Company.

"EPC Company?" the old lady was <u>59</u> and then smiled, "My daughter was the boss of that company, just a minute." With these words, the old lady gave her daughter a call. And I was told to <u>60</u> her daughter the next day in her office.

Guess what happened later? The manager invited me to work just the next afternoon.

41. A. preparing	B. heading	C. applying	D. working
42. A. neared	B. left	C. entered	D. checked
43. A. attended	B. happened	C. belonged	D. turned
44. A. used	B. offered	C. produced	D. stolen
45. A. tickets	B. papers	C. money	D. information
46. A. fashionable	B. undisturbed	C. useless	D. expensive
47. A. passport	B. wallet	C. photo	D. phone
48. A. interview	B. class	C. journey	D. meeting
49. A. show	B. hand	C. post	D. take
50. A. make	B. improve	C. affect	D. benefit
51. A. contact	B see	C. visit	D. greet
52. A. mother's	B. doctor's	C. patient's	D. boss's
53. A. After	B. Before	C. When	D. Unless
54. A. Luckily	B. Badly	C. Happily	D. Unfortunately
55. A. address	B. hospital	C. office	D. company
56. A. hotel	B. museum	C. apartment	D. factory
57. A. letter	B. note	C. sentence	D. name
58. A. nervous	B. upset	C. thoughtful	D. thankful
59. A. shocked	B. surprised	C. disappointed	D. confident
60. A. date	B. marry	C. visit	D. examine

第二节: (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分) 阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(不多于3个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。 Drug use in Britain <u>61</u> (increase) by 30% in the last five years. Use of hard drugs, for example, cocaine and crack cocaine, is increasing <u>62</u> a result of these drugs <u>63</u> (become) cheaper and easier to buy. Many people in Britain are more <u>64</u> (like) than other Europeans to take <u>65</u> (legal) drugs. UK teenagers are taking up to five times more drugs, for example, ecstasy tablets and cannabis, <u>66</u> in other European countries. <u>67</u> most common drug for UK teenagers is cannabis. Over 35% of 15 to 16-year-olds say they have tried <u>68</u>. Harder drugs such as crack cocaine are less common. As many as one in twelve 12-year-olds have taken drugs. British law puts drugs into three groups, <u>69</u> the most dangerous Class A drugs to the least <u>70</u> (addict) Class C drugs.

第四部分:写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节:短文改错(共10小题,每小题1分,满分10分)

短文改错中共有 10 处错误,每句中最多两处错误。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除和修改。

增加:在此处加一个漏字符号(<),并在下面写出增加的词;

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉;

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在其下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词。

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从十一处起)不计分。

Even as a school boy, I was very fascinated by Robin Hood. I began to read about him and my stories. His personality impressed me. At a same time, my father took me to the cinema watch the movie *Rambo*. Right away I fall in love with him. He was so much brave that he made me feel exciting. Recently I was in a game station, playing a game, in what the gamer was given an electronic bow and arrow and asking to bring the enemies down on the TV screen. Small kids and adults enjoyed playing so forest war games. I had my share of funny too.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

请你根据以下通知的内容,以学生会的名义写一则书面通知。

通知			
活动目的:进一步提高全校师生的应急疏散能力、自我保护能力和安全意识			
指挥者 : 校长			
活动地点:学校操场			
演练时间: 2014 年 11 月 8 日下午 3:30			
参加人员: 全校师生			
注意事项: 1. 服从引导员的指挥			
2. 各班按次序撤离			
3. 保持镇静,不能发生挤、踏、踩等事故			
4. 安全第一			
学生会			
2014年11月7日			
注意: 1. 通知要包括以上提供的所有内容要点,可以适当增加细节,使内容连贯。			
2. 词数: 100 左右(开头和结尾已经给出,不计入总词数)			
3 . 参考词汇:疏散演练: evacuation exercise 引导员: guide			

NOTICE

Earthquakes are one of the most dangerous among all natural disasters._____

Students' Union November 7, 2014